

NAG Library Routine Document

S21BEF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

S21BEF returns a value of the classical (Legendre) form of the incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind, via the function name.

2 Specification

```
FUNCTION S21BEF (PHI, DM, IFAIL)
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) S21BEF
INTEGER          IFAIL
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) PHI, DM
```

3 Description

S21BEF calculates an approximation to the integral

$$F(\phi | m) = \int_0^\phi (1 - m \sin^2 \theta)^{-\frac{1}{2}} d\theta,$$

where $0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$, $m \sin^2 \phi \leq 1$ and m and $\sin \phi$ may not both equal one.

The integral is computed using the symmetrised elliptic integrals of Carlson (Carlson (1979) and Carlson (1988)). The relevant identity is

$$F(\phi | m) = R_F(q, r, 1) \sin \phi,$$

where $q = \cos^2 \phi$, $r = 1 - m \sin^2 \phi$ and R_F is the Carlson symmetrised incomplete elliptic integral of the first kind (see S21BBF).

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

Carlson B C (1979) Computing elliptic integrals by duplication *Numerische Mathematik* **33** 1–16

Carlson B C (1988) A table of elliptic integrals of the third kind *Math. Comput.* **51** 267–280

5 Arguments

1:	PHI – REAL (KIND=nag_wp)	<i>Input</i>
2:	DM – REAL (KIND=nag_wp)	<i>Input</i>

On entry: the arguments ϕ and m of the function.

Constraints:

$0.0 \leq \text{PHI} \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$;
 $\text{DM} \times \sin^2(\text{PHI}) \leq 1.0$;
 Only one of $\sin(\text{PHI})$ and DM may be 1.0.

Note that $\text{DM} \times \sin^2(\text{PHI}) = 1.0$ is allowable, as long as $\text{DM} \neq 1.0$.

3: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this argument you should refer to Section 3.4 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this argument, the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, PHI = $\langle value \rangle$.

Constraint: $0 \leq \text{PHI} \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$.

On softfailure, the routine returns zero.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, PHI = $\langle value \rangle$ and DM = $\langle value \rangle$; the integral is undefined.

Constraint: $\text{DM} \times \sin^2(\text{PHI}) \leq 1.0$.

On softfailure, the routine returns zero.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, $\sin(\text{PHI}) = 1$ and DM = 1.0; the integral is infinite.

On softfailure, the routine returns the largest machine number (see X02ALF).

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

See Section 3.9 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

See Section 3.8 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

In principle S21BEF is capable of producing full *machine precision*. However round-off errors in internal arithmetic will result in slight loss of accuracy. This loss should never be excessive as the algorithm does not involve any significant amplification of round-off error. It is reasonable to assume that the result is accurate to within a small multiple of the *machine precision*.

8 Parallelism and Performance

S21BEF is not threaded in any implementation.

9 Further Comments

You should consult the S Chapter Introduction, which shows the relationship between this routine and the Carlson definitions of the elliptic integrals. In particular, the relationship between the argument-constraints for both forms becomes clear.

For more information on the algorithm used to compute R_F , see the routine document for S21BBF.

If you wish to input a value of PHI outside the range allowed by this routine you should refer to Section 17.4 of Abramowitz and Stegun (1972) for useful identities. For example, $F(-\phi|m) = -F(\phi|m)$ and $F(s\pi \pm \phi|m) = 2sK(m) \pm F(\phi|m)$ where s is an integer and $K(m)$ is the complete elliptic integral given by S21BHF.

A parameter $m > 1$ can be replaced by one less than unity using $F(\phi|m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}}F(\theta|\frac{1}{m})$, $\sin \theta = \sqrt{m} \sin \phi$.

10 Example

This example simply generates a small set of nonextreme arguments that are used with the routine to produce the table of results.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program s21befe

!      S21BEF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, s21bef, x01aaf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter          :: nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: dm, f, phi, pi
Integer                     :: ifail, ix
!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
Intrinsic                  :: real
!      .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'S21BEF Example Program Results'

Write (nout,*)
Write (nout,*) '      PHI      DM      S21BEF'
Write (nout,*)

pi = x01aaf(pi)

data: Do ix = 1, 3
      phi = real(ix,kind=nag_wp)*pi/6.0E0_nag_wp
      dm = real(ix,kind=nag_wp)*0.25E0_nag_wp

      ifail = -1
      f = s21bef(phi,dm,ifail)

      If (ifail<0) Then
        Exit data
      End If

```

```

      Write (nout,99999) phi, dm, f
      End Do data

99999 Format (1X,2F7.2,F12.4)
      End Program s21befe

```

10.2 Program Data

None.

10.3 Program Results

S21BEF Example Program Results

PHI	DM	S21BEF
0.52	0.25	0.5294
1.05	0.50	1.1424
1.57	0.75	2.1565

Example Program
Classical (Legendre) Form of the Incomplete Elliptic Integral of the First Kind

