

NAG Library Routine Document

S18AEF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

S18AEF returns the value of the modified Bessel function $I_0(x)$, via the function name.

2 Specification

```
FUNCTION S18AEF (X, IFAIL)
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) S18AEF
INTEGER IFAIL
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) X
```

3 Description

S18AEF evaluates an approximation to the modified Bessel function of the first kind $I_0(x)$.

Note: $I_0(-x) = I_0(x)$, so the approximation need only consider $x \geq 0$.

The routine is based on three Chebyshev expansions:

For $0 < x \leq 4$,

$$I_0(x) = e^x \sum_{r=0}^{\prime} a_r T_r(t), \quad \text{where } t = 2\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) - 1.$$

For $4 < x \leq 12$,

$$I_0(x) = e^x \sum_{r=0}^{\prime} b_r T_r(t), \quad \text{where } t = \frac{x-8}{4}.$$

For $x > 12$,

$$I_0(x) = \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{x}} \sum_{r=0}^{\prime} c_r T_r(t), \quad \text{where } t = 2\left(\frac{12}{x}\right) - 1.$$

For small x , $I_0(x) \simeq 1$. This approximation is used when x is sufficiently small for the result to be correct to *machine precision*.

For large x , the routine must fail because of the danger of overflow in calculating e^x .

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

5 Parameters

- 1: X – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: the argument x of the function.
- 2: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the recommended value is 0 . **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1 , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

$|X|$ is too large. On soft failure the routine returns the approximate value of $I_0(x)$ at the nearest valid argument. (see the Users' Note for your implementation for details)

7 Accuracy

Let δ and ϵ be the relative errors in the argument and result respectively.

If δ is somewhat larger than the *machine precision* (i.e., if δ is due to data errors etc.), then ϵ and δ are approximately related by:

$$\epsilon \simeq \left| \frac{xI_1(x)}{I_0(x)} \right| \delta.$$

Figure 1 shows the behaviour of the error amplification factor

$$\left| \frac{xI_1(x)}{I_0(x)} \right|.$$

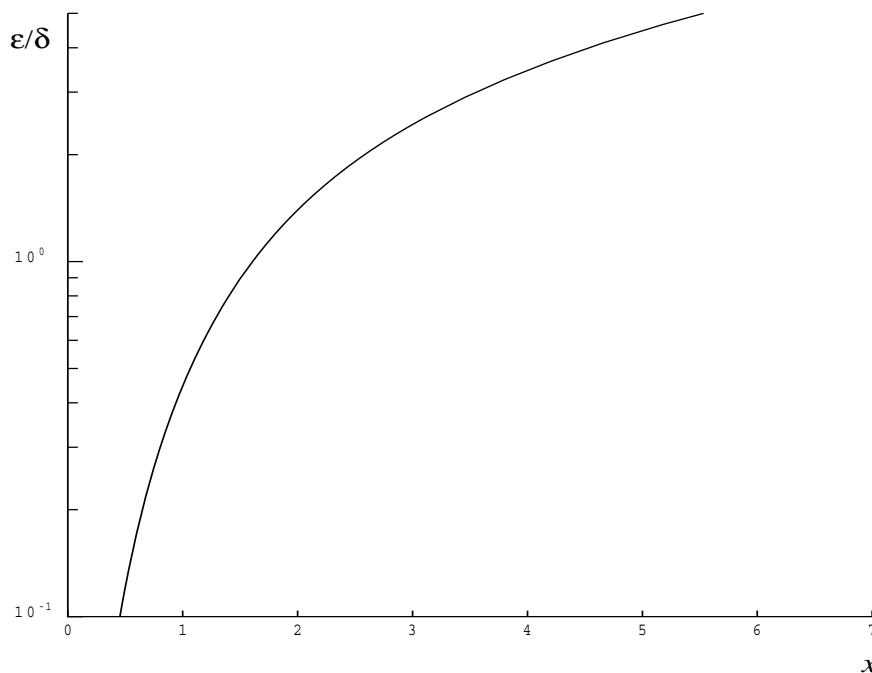


Figure 1

However if δ is of the same order as *machine precision*, then rounding errors could make ϵ slightly larger than the above relation predicts.

For small x the amplification factor is approximately $\frac{x^2}{2}$, which implies strong attenuation of the error, but in general ϵ can never be less than the *machine precision*.

For large x , $\epsilon \simeq x\delta$ and we have strong amplification of errors. However the routine must fail for quite moderate values of x , because $I_0(x)$ would overflow; hence in practice the loss of accuracy for large x is not excessive. Note that for large x the errors will be dominated by those of the standard function `exp`.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example reads values of the argument x from a file, evaluates the function at each value of x and prints the results.

9.1 Program Text

```

Program s18aefe
!      S18AEF Example Program Text
!
!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
!
!      .. Use Statements ..
!      Use nag_library, Only: nag_wp, s18aef
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
!      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
!      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
!      Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: x, y
!      Integer                    :: ifail, ioerr
!      .. Executable Statements ..
!      Write (nout,*) 'S18AEF Example Program Results'
!
!      Skip heading in data file
!      Read (nin,*)
!
!      Write (nout,*)
!      Write (nout,*) '      X          Y'
!      Write (nout,*)
!
data: Do
!      Read (nin,*,Iostat=ioerr) x
!
!      If (ioerr<0) Then
!          Exit data
!      End If
!
!      ifail = -1
!      y = s18aef(x,ifail)
!
!      If (ifail<0) Then
!          Exit data
!      End If
!
!      Write (nout,99999) x, y
!      End Do data
99999 Format (1X,1P,2E12.3)
End Program s18aefe

```

9.2 Program Data

S18AEF Example Program Data

```
0.0
0.5
1.0
3.0
6.0
8.0
10.0
15.0
20.0
-1.0
```

9.3 Program Results

S18AEF Example Program Results

X	Y
0.000E+00	1.000E+00
5.000E-01	1.063E+00
1.000E+00	1.266E+00
3.000E+00	4.881E+00
6.000E+00	6.723E+01
8.000E+00	4.276E+02
1.000E+01	2.816E+03
1.500E+01	3.396E+05
2.000E+01	4.356E+07
-1.000E+00	1.266E+00
