

NAG Library Routine Document

C06GQF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

C06GQF forms the complex conjugates of m Hermitian sequences, each containing n data values.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE C06GQF (M, N, X, IFAIL)
```

```
INTEGER          M, N, IFAIL
```

```
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) X(M*N)
```

3 Description

This is a utility routine for use in conjunction with C06FPF and C06FQF to calculate inverse discrete Fourier transforms (see the C06 Chapter Introduction).

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

1: M – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: m , the number of Hermitian sequences to be conjugated.

Constraint: $M \geq 1$.

2: N – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: n , the number of data values in each Hermitian sequence.

Constraint: $N \geq 1$.

3: X(M × N) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input/Output*

On entry: the data must be stored in X as if in a two-dimensional array of dimension (1 : M, 0 : N – 1); each of the m sequences is stored in a **row** of the array in Hermitian form. If the n data values z_j^p are written as $x_j^p + iy_j^p$, then for $0 \leq j \leq n/2$, x_j^p is contained in X(p, j), and for $1 \leq j \leq (n - 1)/2$, y_j^p is contained in X($p, n - j$). (See also Section 2.1.2 in the C06 Chapter Introduction.)

On exit: the imaginary parts y_j^p are negated. The real parts x_j^p are not referenced.

4: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, –1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Section 3.3 in the Essential Introduction for details.

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value –1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter, the

recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1 , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $M < 1$.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, $N < 1$.

7 Accuracy

Exact.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example reads in sequences of real data values which are assumed to be Hermitian sequences of complex data stored in Hermitian form. The sequences are expanded into full complex form using C06GSF and printed. The sequences are then conjugated (using C06GQF) and the conjugated sequences are expanded into complex form using C06GSF and printed out.

9.1 Program Text

```

Program c06gqfe

!      C06GQF Example Program Text

!      Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!      .. Use Statements ..
      Use nag_library, Only: c06gqf, c06gsf, nag_wp
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
      Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
      Integer, Parameter          :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
      Integer                     :: i, ieof, ifail, j, m, n
!      .. Local Arrays ..
      Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: u(:), v(:), x(:)
!      .. Executable Statements ..
      Write (nout,*) 'C06GQF Example Program Results'
!      Skip heading in data file
      Read (nin,*)
loop: Do
      Read (nin,*,Iostat=ieof) m, n
      If (ieof<0) Exit loop

      Allocate (u(m*n),v(m*n),x(m*n))
      Do j = 1, m

```

```

      Read (nin,*)(x(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
    End Do
    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,*) 'Original data values'
    Write (nout,*)
    Do j = 1, m
      Write (nout,99999) '      ', (x(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
    End Do
    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,*) 'Original data written in full complex form'

!      ifail: behaviour on error exit
!      =0 for hard exit, =1 for quiet-soft, =-1 for noisy-soft
    ifail = 0
    Call c06gsf(m,n,x,u,v,ifail)

    Do j = 1, m
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout,99999) 'Real ', (u(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
      Write (nout,99999) 'Imag ', (v(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
    End Do

    Call c06gqf(m,n,x,ifail)

    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,*) 'Conjugated data values'
    Write (nout,*)
    Do j = 1, m
      Write (nout,99999) '      ', (x(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
    End Do

    Call c06gsf(m,n,x,u,v,ifail)

    Write (nout,*)
    Write (nout,*) 'Conjugated data written in full complex form'

    Call c06gsf(m,n,x,u,v,ifail)

    Do j = 1, m
      Write (nout,*)
      Write (nout,99999) 'Real ', (u(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
      Write (nout,99999) 'Imag ', (v(i*m+j),i=0,n-1)
    End Do
    Deallocate (u,v,x)
  End Do loop

99999 Format (1X,A,6F10.4)
End Program c06gqfe

```

9.2 Program Data

C06GQF Example Program Data

3	6						: m, n
0.3854	0.6772	0.1138	0.6751	0.6362	0.1424		
0.5417	0.2983	0.1181	0.7255	0.8638	0.8723		
0.9172	0.0644	0.6037	0.6430	0.0428	0.4815		: x

9.3 Program Results

C06GQF Example Program Results

Original data values

0.3854	0.6772	0.1138	0.6751	0.6362	0.1424
0.5417	0.2983	0.1181	0.7255	0.8638	0.8723
0.9172	0.0644	0.6037	0.6430	0.0428	0.4815

Original data written in full complex form

Real	0.3854	0.6772	0.1138	0.6751	0.1138	0.6772
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Imag	0.0000	0.1424	0.6362	0.0000	-0.6362	-0.1424
Real	0.5417	0.2983	0.1181	0.7255	0.1181	0.2983
Imag	0.0000	0.8723	0.8638	0.0000	-0.8638	-0.8723
Real	0.9172	0.0644	0.6037	0.6430	0.6037	0.0644
Imag	0.0000	0.4815	0.0428	0.0000	-0.0428	-0.4815

Conjugated data values

0.3854	0.6772	0.1138	0.6751	-0.6362	-0.1424
0.5417	0.2983	0.1181	0.7255	-0.8638	-0.8723
0.9172	0.0644	0.6037	0.6430	-0.0428	-0.4815

Conjugated data written in full complex form

Real	0.3854	0.6772	0.1138	0.6751	0.1138	0.6772
Imag	0.0000	-0.1424	-0.6362	0.0000	0.6362	0.1424
Real	0.5417	0.2983	0.1181	0.7255	0.1181	0.2983
Imag	0.0000	-0.8723	-0.8638	0.0000	0.8638	0.8723
Real	0.9172	0.0644	0.6037	0.6430	0.6037	0.0644
Imag	0.0000	-0.4815	-0.0428	0.0000	0.0428	0.4815
