

NAG Toolbox

nag_wav_3d_mxolap_multi_inv (c09fd)

1 Purpose

nag_wav_3d_mxolap_multi_inv (c09fd) computes the inverse three-dimensional multi-level discrete wavelet transform (IDWT). This function reconstructs data from (possibly filtered or otherwise manipulated) wavelet transform coefficients calculated by nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc) from an original input array. The initialization function nag_wav_3d_init (c09ac) must be called first to set up the IDWT options.

2 Syntax

```
[b, ifail] = nag_wav_3d_mxolap_multi_inv(nwlinv, c, m, n, fr, icomm, 'lenc',
lenc)
[b, ifail] = c09fd(nwlinv, c, m, n, fr, icomm, 'lenc', lenc)
```

3 Description

nag_wav_3d_mxolap_multi_inv (c09fd) performs the inverse operation of nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc). That is, given a set of wavelet coefficients, computed up to level n_{fwd} by nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc) using a DWT as set up by the initialization function nag_wav_3d_init (c09ac), on a real three-dimensional array, A , nag_wav_3d_mxolap_multi_inv (c09fd) will reconstruct A . The reconstructed array is referred to as B in the following since it will not be identical to A when the DWT coefficients have been filtered or otherwise manipulated prior to reconstruction. If the original input array is level 0, then it is possible to terminate reconstruction at a higher level by specifying fewer than the number of levels used in the call to nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc). This results in a partial reconstruction.

4 References

Wang Y, Che X and Ma S (2012) Nonlinear filtering based on 3D wavelet transform for MRI denoising *URASIP Journal on Advances in Signal Processing* **2012:40**

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **nwlinv** – INTEGER

The number of levels to be used in the inverse multi-level transform. The number of levels must be less than or equal to n_{fwd} , which has the value of argument **nwl** as used in the computation of the wavelet coefficients using nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc). The data will be reconstructed to level (**nwl** – **nwlinv**), where level 0 is the original input dataset provided to nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc).

Constraint: $1 \leq \text{nwlinv} \leq \text{nwl}$, where **nwl** is the value used in a preceding call to nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc).

2: **c(lenc)** – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

The coefficients of the multi-level discrete wavelet transform. This will normally be the result of some transformation on the coefficients computed by function nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd (c09fc).

Note that the coefficients in **c** may be extracted according to level and type into three-dimensional arrays using `nag_wav_3d_coeff_ext` (c09fy), and inserted using `nag_wav_3d_coeff_ins` (c09fz).

3: **m** – INTEGER

The number of elements, m , in the first dimension of the reconstructed array B . For a full reconstruction of **nwl** levels, where **nwl** is as supplied to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc), this must be the same as argument **m** used in a preceding call to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc). For a partial reconstruction of **nwl**_{inv} < **nwl** levels, this must be equal to `dwtlvm(nwlinv + 1)`, as returned from `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc).

4: **n** – INTEGER

The number of elements, n , in the second dimension of the reconstructed array B . For a full reconstruction of **nwl** levels, where **nwl** is as supplied to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc), this must be the same as argument **n** used in a preceding call to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc). For a partial reconstruction of **nwl**_{inv} < **nwl** levels, this must be equal to `dwtlvn(nwlinv + 1)`, as returned from `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc).

5: **fr** – INTEGER

The number of elements, fr , in the third dimension of the reconstructed array B . For a full reconstruction of **nwl** levels, where **nwl** is as supplied to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc), this must be the same as argument **fr** used in a preceding call to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc). For a partial reconstruction of **nwl**_{inv} < **nwl** levels, this must be equal to `dwtlvfr(nwlinv + 1)`, as returned from `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc).

6: **icomm(260)** – INTEGER array

Contains details of the discrete wavelet transform and the problem dimension as setup in the call to the initialization function `nag_wav_3d_init` (c09ac).

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: **lenc** – INTEGER

Default: the dimension of the array **c**.

The dimension of the array **c**.

Constraint: $lenc \geq n_{ct}$, where n_{ct} is the total number of wavelet coefficients that correspond to a transform with **nwl**_{inv} levels.

5.3 Output Parameters

1: **b(l_{db}, s_{db}, fr)** – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

$s_{db} = \mathbf{n}$.

The m by n by fr reconstructed array, B , with B_{ijk} stored in $\mathbf{b}(i, j, k)$. The reconstruction is based on the input multi-level wavelet transform coefficients and the transform options supplied to the initialization function `nag_wav_3d_init` (c09ac).

2: **ifail** – INTEGER

ifail = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 5).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

ifail = 1

Constraint: $\mathbf{nwlinv} \leq \mathbf{nwl}$ as used in the call to `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc).

Constraint: $\mathbf{nwlinv} \geq 1$.

ifail = 2

Constraint: $ldb \geq \mathbf{m}$.

Constraint: $sdb \geq \mathbf{n}$.

ifail = 3

lenc is too small, the number of wavelet coefficients required for a transform operating on **nwlinv** levels. If $\mathbf{nwlinv} = \mathbf{nwlmax}$, the maximum number of levels as returned by the initial call to `nag_wav_3d_init` (c09ac), then **lenc** must be at least n_{ct} , the value returned in **nwct** by the same call to `nag_wav_3d_init` (c09ac).

ifail = 4

fr is too small, the number of coefficients in the third dimension at the required level of reconstruction.

m is too small, the number of coefficients in the first dimension at the required level of reconstruction.

n is too small, the number of coefficients in the second dimension at the required level of reconstruction.

ifail = 6

Either the communication array **icomm** has been corrupted or there has not been a prior call to the initialization function `nag_wav_3d_init` (c09ac).

The initialization function was called with **wtrans** = 'S'.

ifail = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.

ifail = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.

ifail = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

7 Accuracy

The accuracy of the wavelet transform depends only on the floating-point operations used in the convolution and downsampling and should thus be close to *machine precision*.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

See Section 10 in `nag_wav_3d_multi_fwd` (c09fc).

9.1 Program Text

```

function c09fd_example

fprintf('c09fd example results\n\n');

m = nag_int(7);
n = nag_int(6);
fr = nag_int(5);
wavnam = 'Bior1.1';
mode = 'period';
wtrans = 'Multilevel';
a = zeros(m, n, fr);
a(:, :, 1) = [3, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1;
              2, 9, 1, 2, 1, 3;
              2, 5, 1, 2, 1, 1;
              1, 6, 2, 2, 7, 2;
              5, 3, 2, 2, 4, 7;
              2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1;
              6, 2, 1, 3, 6, 9];
a(:, :, 2) = [2, 1, 5, 1, 2, 3;
              2, 9, 5, 2, 1, 2;
              2, 3, 2, 7, 1, 1;
              2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 1;
              2, 1, 2, 8, 3, 3;
              1, 4, 5, 1, 2, 7;
              8, 1, 3, 9, 1, 2];
a(:, :, 3) = [3, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1;
              1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 6;
              4, 1, 7, 2, 5, 6;
              3, 2, 1, 5, 9, 5;
              1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1;
              2, 6, 3, 9, 5, 1;
              1, 1, 8, 2, 1, 3];
a(:, :, 4) = [5, 8, 1, 2, 2, 1;
              1, 2, 2, 9, 2, 9;
              2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 3;
              1, 1, 1, 5, 1, 2;
              3, 2, 8, 1, 9, 2;
              2, 1, 9, 1, 2, 2;
              3, 6, 5, 3, 2, 2];
a(:, :, 5) = [5, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1;
              3, 1, 9, 1, 2, 1;
              2, 3, 1, 1, 7, 2;
              7, 2, 2, 6, 1, 1;
              5, 1, 7, 2, 1, 1;
              2, 1, 3, 2, 2, 1;
              5, 3, 9, 1, 4, 1];

% Query wavelet filter dimensions
[nwl, nf, nwct, nwc, nwcfr, icomm, ifail] = ...
    c09ac(wavnam, wtrans, mode, m, n, fr);

% Perform Discrete Wavelet transform
[c, dwtlvm, dwtlvn, dwtlvfr, icomm, ifail] = c09fc(n, fr, a, nwct, nwl, icomm);

fprintf(' Number of Levels : %d\n\n', nwl);
fprintf(' Number of coefficients in 1st dimension for each level:\n');
fprintf(' %8d', dwtlvm(1:nwl));
fprintf('\n');
fprintf(' Number of coefficients in 2nd dimension for each level:\n');
fprintf(' %8d', dwtlvn(1:nwl));
fprintf('\n');
fprintf(' Number of coefficients in 3rd dimension for each level:\n');
fprintf(' %8d', dwtlvfr(1:nwl));
fprintf('\n');

% Print the first level HLL coefficients
want_level = 1;

% Select the approximation coefficients.

```

```

want_coeffs = 4;

% Identify each set of coefficients in c
for ilevel = nwl:-1:1

    if ilevel ~= want_level
        continue
    end

    nwcm = dwtlvm(nwl-ilevel+1);
    nwcn = dwtlvn(nwl-ilevel+1);
    nwcfr = dwtlvfr(nwl-ilevel+1);

    fprintf('\n-----\n');
    fprintf(' Level %d output is %d by %d by %d.\n', ilevel, nwcm, nwcn, nwcfr);
    fprintf('-----\n\n');

    for itype_coeffs = 0:7

        if itype_coeffs ~= want_coeffs
            continue
        end

        % Unless we're looking at the deepest level of nesting, which contains
        % approximation coefficients, advance the pointer on past the preceding
        % levels
        if ilevel == nwl
            locc = 0;
        else
            locc = 8*dwtlvm(1)*dwtlvn(1)*dwtlvfr(1);
            for i = ilevel + 1 : nwl - 1
                locc = locc + 7*dwtlvm(nwl-i+1)*dwtlvn(nwl-i+1)*dwtlvfr(nwl-i+1);
            end
        end

        % Now decide which coefficient type we are considering
        switch (itype_coeffs)
            case {0}
                if (ilevel==nwl)
                    fprintf('Approximation coefficients (LLL)\n');
                    locc = locc + 1;
                end
            case {1}
                fprintf('Detail coefficients (LLH)\n');
                if (ilevel==nwl)
                    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients
                    locc = locc + nwcm*nwcn*nwcfr + 1;
                else
                    locc = locc + 1;
                end
            case {2}
                fprintf('Detail coefficients (LHL)\n');
                if (ilevel==nwl)
                    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 1 set of
                    % detail coefficients
                    locc = locc + 2*nwcm*nwcn*nwcfr + 1;
                else
                    % Advance pointer past 1 set of detail coefficients
                    locc = locc + nwcm*nwcn*nwcfr + 1;
                end
            case {3}
                fprintf('Detail coefficients (LHH)\n');
                if (ilevel==nwl)
                    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 2 sets of
                    % detail coefficients
                    locc = locc + 3*nwcm*nwcn*nwcfr + 1;
                else
                    % Advance pointer past 2 sets of detail coefficients
                    locc = locc + 2*nwcm*nwcn*nwcfr + 1;
                end
            case {4}

```

```

fprintf('Detail coefficients (HLL)\n');
if (ilevel==nwl)
    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 3 sets of
    % detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 4*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
else
    % Advance pointer past 3 sets of detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 3*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
end
case {5}
fprintf('Detail coefficients (HLH)\n');
if (ilevel==nwl)
    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 4 sets of
    % detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 5*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
else
    % Advance pointer past 4 sets of detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 4*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
end
case {6}
fprintf('Detail coefficients (HHL)\n');
if (ilevel==nwl)
    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 5 sets of
    % detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 6*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
else
    % Advance pointer past 4 sets of detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 5*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
end
case {7}
fprintf('Detail coefficients (HHH)\n');
if (ilevel==nwl)
    % Advance pointer past approximation coefficients and 6 sets of
    % detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 7*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
else
    % Advance pointer past 5 sets of detail coefficients
    locc = locc + 6*nwcm*nwcn*nwcf + 1;
end
end

if itype_coeffs > 0 || ilevel == nwl

if (itype_coeffs==0)
    % For a multi level transform approx coeffs stored as
    % nwcm x nwcn x nwcf
    il = locc;
    for k = 1:nwcf
        for j = 1:nwcn
            for i = 1:nwcm
                d(i,j,k) = c(il);
                il = il + 1;
            end
        end
    end
else
    % ... but detail coefficients are stored as ncwfr x nwcm x nwcn
    for k = 1:nwcf
        for j = 1:nwcn
            for i = 1:nwcm
                il = locc - 1 + (j-1)*nwcf*nwcm + (i-1)*nwcf + k;
                d(i,j,k) = c(il);
            end
        end
    end
end

% Print out the selected set of coefficients
fprintf('Level %d, Coefficients %d:\n', ilevel, itype_coeffs);
for k = 1:nwcf
    fprintf('Frame %d:\n', k);

```

```

        for i = 1:nwcm
            for j=1:nwcn
                fprintf('%8.4f ', d(i, j, k));
            end
            fprintf('\n');
        end
    end

end

end

end

% Reconstruct original data
[b, ifail] = c09fd(nwl, c, m, n, fr, icomm);

% Check reconstruction matches original
eps = 10*double(m*n*fr)*x02aj;
err = a-b;
frob = 0;
for i=1:fr
    fnew = sqrt(sum(sum(err(:, :, i).^2)));
    frob = max(frob, fnew);
end

if frob < eps
    fprintf('\nSuccess: the reconstruction matches the original.\n');
else
    fprintf('\nFail: Frobenius norm of b-a is too large.\n');
end

```

9.2 Program Results

c09fd example results

Number of Levels : 2

Number of coefficients in 1st dimension for each level:

2 4

Number of coefficients in 2nd dimension for each level:

2 3

Number of coefficients in 3rd dimension for each level:

2 3

Level 1 output is 4 by 3 by 3.

Detail coefficients (HLL)

Level 1, Coefficients 4:

Frame 1:

```

-4.9497   0.0000   0.0000
 0.7071   1.7678  -3.1820
 0.7071   2.1213   1.7678
 0.0000   0.0000   0.0000

```

Frame 2:

```

 4.2426  -2.1213  -4.9497
 0.7071  -0.0000  -0.7071
-1.4142  -3.1820   1.4142
 0.0000   0.0000   0.0000

```

Frame 3:

```

 2.1213  -4.9497  -0.7071
-2.8284  -4.2426   4.9497
 2.1213   2.8284  -0.7071
 0.0000   0.0000   0.0000

```

Success: the reconstruction matches the original.
