

NAG Library Routine Document

G05THF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05THF generates a vector of pseudorandom integers from the discrete negative binomial distribution with parameter m and probability p of success at a trial.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05THF (MODE, N, M, P, R, LR, STATE, X, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          MODE, N, M, LR, STATE(*), X(N), IFAIL
  REAL (KIND=nag_wp) P, R(LR)
```

3 Description

G05THF generates n integers x_i from a discrete negative binomial distribution, where the probability of $x_i = I$ (I successes before m failures) is

$$P(x_i = I) = \frac{(m + I - 1)!}{I!(m - 1)!} \times p^I \times (1 - p)^m, \quad I = 0, 1, \dots$$

The variates can be generated with or without using a search table and index. If a search table is used then it is stored with the index in a reference vector and subsequent calls to G05THF with the same parameter value can then use this reference vector to generate further variates.

One of the initialization routines G05KFF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KGF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05THF.

4 References

Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* (2nd Edition) Addison–Wesley

5 Arguments

1: MODE – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: a code for selecting the operation to be performed by the routine.

MODE = 0

Set up reference vector only.

MODE = 1

Generate variates using reference vector set up in a prior call to G05THF.

MODE = 2

Set up reference vector and generate variates.

MODE = 3

Generate variates without using the reference vector.

Constraint: MODE = 0, 1, 2 or 3.

- 2: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n , the number of pseudorandom numbers to be generated.
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.
- 3: M – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: m , the number of failures of the distribution.
Constraint: $M \geq 0$.
- 4: P – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) *Input*
On entry: p , the parameter of the negative binomial distribution representing the probability of success at a single trial.
Constraint: $0.0 \leq P < 1.0$.
- 5: R(LR) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Communication Array*
On entry: if MODE = 1, the reference vector from the previous call to G05THF.
 If MODE = 3, R is not referenced.
On exit: if MODE \neq 3, the reference vector.
- 6: LR – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G05THF is called.
Suggested value:
 if MODE \neq 3,
 LR = $28 + (20 \times \sqrt{M \times P} + 30 \times P) / (1 - P)$ approximately;
 otherwise LR = 1.
Constraints:
 if MODE = 0 or 2,
 LR > $\text{int}\left(\frac{M \times P + 7.15 \times \sqrt{M \times P} + 20.15 \times P}{1 - P} + 8.5\right)$
 – $\max\left(0, \text{int}\left(\frac{M \times P - 7.15 \times \sqrt{M \times P}}{1 - P}\right)\right) + 9$;
 if MODE = 1, LR must remain unchanged from the previous call to G05THF.
- 7: STATE(*) – INTEGER array *Communication Array*
Note: the actual argument supplied **must** be the array STATE supplied to the initialization routines G05KFF or G05KGF.
On entry: contains information on the selected base generator and its current state.
On exit: contains updated information on the state of the generator.
- 8: X(N) – INTEGER array *Output*
On exit: the n pseudorandom numbers from the specified negative binomial distribution.
- 9: IFAIL – INTEGER *Input/Output*
On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, –1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this argument you should refer to Section 3.4 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for details.
 For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value –1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then

the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this argument, the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error or a warning has been flagged (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1 , explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, MODE = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: MODE = 0, 1, 2 or 3.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, N = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $N \geq 0$.

IFAIL = 3

On entry, M = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $M \geq 0$.

IFAIL = 4

On entry, P = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: $0.0 \leq P < 1.0$.

IFAIL = 5

On entry, some of the elements of the array R have been corrupted or have not been initialized.
P or M is not the same as when R was set up in a previous call.
Previous value of P = $\langle value \rangle$ and P = $\langle value \rangle$.
Previous value of M = $\langle value \rangle$ and M = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 6

On entry, LR is too small when MODE = 0 or 2: LR = $\langle value \rangle$, minimum length required = $\langle value \rangle$.

IFAIL = 7

On entry, STATE vector has been corrupted or not initialized.

IFAIL = -99

An unexpected error has been triggered by this routine. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.9 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -399

Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.8 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

IFAIL = -999

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

See Section 3.7 in How to Use the NAG Library and its Documentation for further information.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Parallelism and Performance

G05THF is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this routine. Please also consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

None.

10 Example

This example prints 20 pseudorandom integers from a negative binomial distribution with parameters $m = 60$ and $p = 0.999$, generated by a single call to G05THF, after initialization by G05KFF.

10.1 Program Text

```

Program g05thfe

!      G05THF Example Program Text

!      Mark 26 Release. NAG Copyright 2016.

!      .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: g05kff, g05thf, nag_wp, x02amf
!      .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!      .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter          :: lseed = 1, maxlr = 5000, nin = 5,      &
                             nout = 6
!      .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp)         :: p
Integer                    :: genid, ifail, lr, lstate, m, mode,      &
                             n, subid
!      .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: r(:)
Integer                        :: seed(lseed)
Integer, Allocatable          :: state(:), x(:)
!      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
Intrinsic                    :: int, real, sqrt
!      .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'G05THF Example Program Results'
Write (nout,*)

!      Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

!      Read in the base generator information and seed
Read (nin,*) genid, subid, seed(1)

!      Initial call to initializer to get size of STATE array
lstate = 0

```

```

        Allocate (state(lstate))
        ifail = 0
        Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!       Reallocate STATE
        Deallocate (state)
        Allocate (state(lstate))

!       Initialize the generator to a repeatable sequence
        ifail = 0
        Call g05kff(genid,subid,seed,lseed,state,lstate,ifail)

!       Read in sample size
        Read (nin,*) n

!       Read in the distribution parameters
        Read (nin,*) p, m

!       Use suggested value for LR
        If (1.0E0_nag_wp-p<x02amf()) Then
!         P is too close to 1.0 to calculate LR, so
!         set to MAXLR, which means we will use MODE = 3
            lr = maxlr
        Else
            lr = int(2.8E1_nag_wp+(2.0E1_nag_wp*sqrt(real(m,kind=nag_wp)*
                p)+3.0E1_nag_wp*p)/(1.0E0_nag_wp-p))      &
        End If

!       If R is a reasonable size use MODE = 2
!       else do not reference R and use MODE = 3
        If (lr<maxlr) Then
            mode = 2
        Else
            mode = 3
            lr = 0
        End If

        Allocate (x(n),r(lr))

!       Generate the variates
        ifail = 0
        Call g05thf(mode,n,m,p,r,lr,state,x,ifail)

!       Display the variates
        Write (nout,99999) x(1:n)

99999 Format (1X,I12)
        End Program g05thfe

```

10.2 Program Data

```

G05THF Example Program Data
1 1 1762543      :: GENID,SUBID,SEED(1)
20              :: N
0.999 60        :: P,M

```

10.3 Program Results

G05THF Example Program Results

```

62339
50505
64863
66289
50434
59461
57365
65965
59572
63104

```

47833
54735
62075
48018
61458
55190
54263
80995
70129
60200
