

# G05AEFP

## NAG Parallel Library Routine Document

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check for implementation-dependent details. You are advised to enclose any calls to NAG Parallel Library routines between calls to Z01AAFP and Z01ABFP.

### 1 Description

G05AEFP generates a pseudo-random number from the (negative) exponential distribution with mean  $a$  which has the probability density function (PDF)

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{a}e^{-x/a} \quad \text{if } x > 0, \quad a \geq 0,$$

$$f(x) = 0 \quad \text{otherwise.}$$

A total of 273 statistically independent generators are available; it is possible to select a particular generator and initialize the seeds for the generator by a preceding call to G05BBFP. If G05BBFP is not used, default values for the generator and the seeds are assumed.

If more than one pseudo-random number is required then it may be more economical to use G05BEFP. The routine G05BEFP always generates exactly the same pseudo-random numbers as would  $n$  consecutive calls of G05AEFP.

### 2 Specification

```
DOUBLE PRECISION FUNCTION G05AEFP(A)
DOUBLE PRECISION          A
```

### 3 Usage

#### 3.1 Definitions

None.

#### 3.2 Global and Local Arguments

All arguments are local.

### 4 Arguments

- 1: A — DOUBLE PRECISION *Local Input*  
*On entry:* the mean  $a$  of the distribution. If A is negative the absolute value of A is used.

### 5 Errors and Warnings

None.

### 6 Further Comments

Repeatable sequences of random numbers can be generated by calling G05BBFP to set the seeds and generator number before calling G05AEFP.

G05AEFP may be called without a prior call to Z01AAFP.

## 6.1 Algorithmic Detail

Each basic generator uses a Wichmann–Hill type generator (Wichmann and Hill [3]), which is a variant of a multiplicative congruential algorithm to produce real pseudo-random numbers  $u_k$  in the semi-open interval  $[0, 1)$ . See G05ACFP for further details. The pseudo-random value  $v_i$  from the exponential distribution is then given by  $v_i = -a \ln u_i$ .

## 7 References

- [1] Knuth D E (1981) *The Art of Computer Programming (Volume 2)* Addison–Wesley (2nd Edition)
- [2] Maclaren N M (1989) The generation of multiple independent sequences of pseudorandom numbers *Appl. Statist.* **38** 351–359
- [3] Wichmann B A and Hill I D (1982) AS183 An efficient and portable pseudo-random number generator *Appl. Statist.* **31** 188–190

## 8 Example

This example generates a random number on each processor on a 2 by 2 logical grid of processors. The routine G05BBFP is used to initialise the seeds and the generators.

### 8.1 Example Text

```
*      G05AEFP Example Program Text
*      NAG Parallel Library Release 3. NAG Copyright 1999.
*      .. Parameters ..
      INTEGER          NOUT, NX
      PARAMETER       (NOUT=6,NX=1)
      INTEGER          MAG
      PARAMETER       (MAG=16909320)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION A
      INTEGER          I, ICNTXT, ICOFF, IFAIL, IGEN, MP, MYCOL, MYROW,
+                   NP, NPCOL, NPROW
      LOGICAL          ROOT
      CHARACTER        CNUMOP, TITOP
      CHARACTER*20     FORMT
*      .. Local Arrays ..
      DOUBLE PRECISION WORK(NX), X(NX)
      INTEGER          IS(5), ISEED(4), IWORK(5)
*      .. External Functions..
      DOUBLE PRECISION G05AEFP
      LOGICAL          Z01ACFP
      EXTERNAL         G05AEFP, Z01ACFP
*      .. External Subroutines ..
      EXTERNAL         G05BBFP, X04BFFP, X04BMFP, Z01AAFP, Z01ABFP,
+                   Z01ZAFP
*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
      INTRINSIC        MOD
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      ROOT = Z01ACFP()
      IF (ROOT) THEN
         WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G05AEFP Example Program Results'
         WRITE (NOUT,*)
      END IF
*
      MP = 2
```

```

      NP = 2
*
*   Declare the processor grid
*
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL Z01AAFP(ICNTXT,MP,NP,IFAIL)
*
*   Initialise the seeds and the generator
      CALL Z01ZAFP(ICNTXT,NPROW,NPCOL,MYROW,MYCOL)
*
*   Initialize the seeds and choose a generator number that depends
*   on the processor position on the grid.
*
      ISEED(1) = 207*(50*MYROW+19*MYCOL) + 2626279
      ISEED(2) = 451*(70*MYROW+31*MYCOL) + 2727289
      ISEED(3) = 912*(39*MYROW+53*MYCOL) + 9598590
      ISEED(4) = 812*(69*MYROW+14*MYCOL) + 4684748
      IGEN = NP*MYROW*6 + MYCOL*MP*5
*
*   Make sure that the seeds are within the maximum value MAG
*
      DO 40 I = 1, 4
20      IF (ISEED(I).GT.MAG) THEN
           ISEED(I) = ISEED(I)/2
           GO TO 20
        END IF
40      CONTINUE
*
*   Make sure that the generator is valid
*
      IGEN = MOD(IGEN,273)
*
*   Print the seeds and the generator on each processor
*
      IS(1) = ISEED(1)
      IS(2) = ISEED(2)
      IS(3) = ISEED(3)
      IS(4) = ISEED(4)
      IS(5) = IGEN
      IF (ROOT) THEN
           WRITE (NOUT,*)
           WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Seeds and the generator'
           WRITE (NOUT,*)
        END IF
      FORMAT = 'I10'
      TITOP = 'Y'
      CNUMOP = 'X'
      ICOFF = 0
      IFAIL = 0
      CALL X04BMFP(ICNTXT,NOUT,1,5,IS,1,FORMAT,TITOP,CNUMOP,ICOFF,IWORK,
+                1,IFAIL)
*
      CALL G05BBFP(ISEED,IGEN)
*
*   Set the parameter A
*
      A = 1.0D0

```

```

*
*   Set the number of random numbers on each processor
*
*
*   Now generate a random number
*
*   X(1) = G05AEFP(A)
*
*   Print the random numbers on each processor
*
*
*   IF (ROOT) THEN
*       WRITE (NOUT,*)
*       WRITE (NOUT,*)
+       'The generated random number on each processor'
*       WRITE (NOUT,*)
*   END IF
*   FORMT = 'F12.5'
*   TITOP = 'Y'
*   CNUMOP = 'X'
*   ICOFF = 0
*   IFAIL = 0
*   CALL X04BFFP(ICNTXT,NOUT,1,1,X,1,FORMT,TITOP,CNUMOP,ICOFF,WORK,1,
+           IFAIL)
*
*   IFAIL = 0
*   CALL Z01ABFP(ICNTXT,'N',IFAIL)
*
*   STOP
*
*   END

```

## 8.2 Example Data

None.

## 8.3 Example Results

### G05AEFP Example Program Results

Seeds and the generator

Array from logical processor	0,	0		
2626279	2727289	9598590	4684748	0
Array from logical processor	0,	1		
2630212	2741270	9646926	4696116	10
Array from logical processor	1,	0		
2636629	2758859	9634158	4740776	12
Array from logical processor	1,	1		

2640562 2772840 9682494 4752144 22

The generated random number on each processor

Array from logical processor 0, 0

0.71974

Array from logical processor 0, 1

1.18314

Array from logical processor 1, 0

0.56857

Array from logical processor 1, 1

0.61310

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