

## NAG Library Function Document

### nag\_bessel\_i\_alpha (s18ejc)

#### 1 Purpose

nag\_bessel\_i\_alpha (s18ejc) returns a sequence of values for the modified Bessel functions  $I_{\alpha+n-1}(x)$  or  $I_{\alpha-n+1}(x)$  for real  $x$ , non-negative  $\alpha < 1$  and  $n = 1, 2, \dots, |N| + 1$ .

#### 2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nags.h>
void nag_bessel_i_alpha (double x, double a, Integer nl, Complex b[],
                        NagError *fail)
```

#### 3 Description

nag\_bessel\_i\_alpha (s18ejc) evaluates a sequence of values for the modified Bessel function of the first kind  $I_\alpha(x)$ , where  $x$  is real and nonzero and  $\alpha$  is the order with  $0 \leq \alpha < 1$ . The  $(|N| + 1)$ -member sequence is generated for orders  $\alpha, \alpha + 1, \dots, \alpha + N$  when  $N \geq 0$ . Note that  $+$  is replaced by  $-$  when  $N < 0$ . For positive orders the function may also be called with  $x = 0$ , since  $I_q(0) = 0$  when  $q > 0$ . For negative orders the formula

$$I_{-q}(x) = I_q(x) + \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(\pi q) K_q(x)$$

is used to generate the required sequence.

#### 4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A (1972) *Handbook of Mathematical Functions* (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

#### 5 Arguments

- 1: **x** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the argument  $x$  of the function.  
*Constraint:* if **nl** < 0, **x**  $\neq$  0.0.
- 2: **a** – double *Input*  
*On entry:* the order  $\alpha$  of the first member in the required sequence of function values.  
*Constraint:*  $0.0 \leq \mathbf{a} < 1.0$ .
- 3: **nl** – Integer *Input*  
*On entry:* the value of  $N$ .  
*Constraint:*  $\text{abs}(\mathbf{nl}) \leq 101$ .
- 4: **b**[ $\times$ ] – Complex *Output*  
*On exit:* with **fail.code** = NE\_NOERROR or **fail.code** = NW\_SOME\_PRECISION\_LOSS, the required sequence of function values: **b**( $n$ ) contains  $I_{\alpha+n-1}(x)$  if **nl**  $\geq$  1 and  $I_{\alpha-n+1}(x)$  otherwise, for  $n = 1, 2, \dots, \text{abs}(\mathbf{nl}) + 1$ .

5: **fail** – NagError \*

*Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

### NE\_INT

On entry, **nl** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\text{abs}(\mathbf{nl}) \leq 101$ .

### NE\_INTERNAL\_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

### NE\_OVERFLOW\_LIKELY

The evaluation has been abandoned due to the likelihood of overflow.

### NE\_REAL

On entry, **a** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $0.0 \leq \mathbf{a} < 1.0$ .

### NE\_REAL\_INT

On entry, **x** =  $\langle value \rangle$ , **nl** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

Constraint:  $\mathbf{x} \neq 0.0$  when  $\mathbf{nl} < 0$ .

### NE\_TERMINATION\_FAILURE

The evaluation has been abandoned due to failure to satisfy the termination condition.

### NE\_TOTAL\_PRECISION\_LOSS

The evaluation has been abandoned due to total loss of precision.

### NW\_SOME\_PRECISION\_LOSS

The evaluation has been completed but some precision has been lost.

## 7 Accuracy

All constants in the underlying functions are specified to approximately 18 digits of precision. If  $t$  denotes the number of digits of precision in the floating-point arithmetic being used, then clearly the maximum number of correct digits in the results obtained is limited by  $p = \min(t, 18)$ . Because of errors in argument reduction when computing elementary functions inside the underlying functions, the actual number of correct digits is limited, in general, by  $p - s$ , where  $s \approx \max(1, |\log_{10} |x||, |\log_{10} |\alpha||)$  represents the number of digits lost due to the argument reduction. Thus the larger the values of  $|x|$  and  $|\alpha|$ , the less the precision in the result.

## 8 Parallelism and Performance

Not applicable.

## 9 Further Comments

None.

## 10 Example

The example program evaluates  $I_0(x)$ ,  $I_1(x)$ ,  $I_2(x)$  and  $I_3(x)$  at  $x = 0.5$ , and prints the results.

### 10.1 Program Text

```

/* nag_bessel_i_alpha (s18ejc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * NAG C Library
 *
 * Mark 6, 2000.
 * Mark 8 revised, 2004.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nags.h>

int main(void)
{
    Complex *b = 0;
    Integer exit_status = 0, i, nl;
    NagError fail;
    double a, alpha, d, x;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    /* Skip heading in data file */
#ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n]");
#else
    scanf("%*[\n]");
#endif
    printf("nag_bessel_i_alpha (s18ejc) Example Program Results\n");
    if (!(b = NAG_ALLOC(101, Complex)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
#ifdef _WIN32
    while (scanf_s("%lf %lf %"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n]", &x, &a, &nl) != EOF)
#else
    while (scanf("%lf %lf %"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n]", &x, &a, &nl) != EOF)
#endif
    {
        printf(" x      a      nl\n");
        printf("%4.1f %4.1f %6"NAG_IFMT"\n\n", x, a, nl);
        /* nag_bessel_i_alpha (s18ejc).
         * Modified Bessel functions  $I_{\alpha+n-1}(x)$  or
         *  $I_{\alpha-n+1}(x)$  for real  $x \neq 0$ , non-negative
         *  $\alpha < 1$  and  $n = 1, 2, \dots, |N|+1$ 
         */
        nag_bessel_i_alpha(x, a, nl, b, &fail);
        if (fail.code == NE_NOERROR)
        {
            printf(" Requested values of  $I_{\alpha}(X)$ \n\n");
            alpha = a;
            printf("      alpha       $I_{\alpha}(X)$ \n");
            for (i = 1; i <= ABS(nl) + 1; ++i)
            {
                printf("%13.4e (%13.4e, %13.4e)\n",
                    alpha, b[i - 1].re, b[i - 1].im);
                d = (double) nl;
                alpha += SIGN(1.0, d);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else
        {
            printf("Error from nag_bessel_i_alpha (s18ejc).\n%s\n",
                fail.message);
            exit_status = 1;
            goto END;
        }
    }
END:
    NAG_FREE(b);
    return exit_status;
}
/* main */

```

## 10.2 Program Data

nag\_bessel\_i\_alpha (s18ejc) Example Program Data  
 0.5 0.0 3 : Values of x, a and nl

## 10.3 Program Results

nag\_bessel\_i\_alpha (s18ejc) Example Program Results

```

x      a      nl
0.5    0.0     3

```

Requested values of I\_alpha(X)

alpha	I_alpha(X)	
0.0000e+00	( 1.0635e+00,	0.0000e+00)
1.0000e+00	( 2.5789e-01,	0.0000e+00)
2.0000e+00	( 3.1906e-02,	0.0000e+00)
3.0000e+00	( 2.6451e-03,	0.0000e+00)

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