NAG Library Function Document
nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc)

1 Purpose
nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) computes the Fréchet derivative $L(A, E)$ of the matrix exponential of a real $n \times n$ matrix $A$ applied to the real $n \times n$ matrix $E$. The matrix exponential $e^A$ is also returned.

2 Specification
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf01.h>
void nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (Integer n, double a[],
   Integer pda, double e[], Integer pde, NagError *fail)

3 Description
The Fréchet derivative of the matrix exponential of $A$ is the unique linear mapping $E \mapsto L(A, E)$ such that for any matrix $E$

$$e^{A+E} - e^A - L(A, E) = o(\|E\|).$$

The derivative describes the first-order effect of perturbations in $A$ on the exponential $e^A$.

nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) uses the algorithms of Al–Mohy and Higham (2009a) and Al–Mohy and Higham (2009b) to compute $e^A$ and $L(A, E)$. The matrix exponential $e^A$ is computed using a Padé approximant and the scaling and squaring method. The Padé approximant is then differentiated in order to obtain the Fréchet derivative $L(A, E)$.

4 References


Moler C B and Van Loan C F (2003) Nineteen dubious ways to compute the exponential of a matrix, twenty-five years later SIAM Rev. 45 3–49

5 Arguments
1: $n$ – Integer
   $\text{Input}$
   On entry: $n$, the order of the matrix $A$.
   Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

2: $a[\text{dim}]$ – double
   $\text{Input/Output}$
   Note: the dimension, $\text{dim}$, of the array $a$ must be at least $\text{pda} \times n$.
   The $(i,j)$th element of the matrix $A$ is stored in $a[(j-1) \times \text{pda} + i - 1]$.
   On entry: the $n \times n$ matrix $A$. 

Mark 25
On exit: the $n$ by $n$ matrix exponential $e^A$.

3: \textbf{pda} – Integer
\textit{Input}

\textit{On entry:} the stride separating matrix row elements in the array $a$.
\textit{Constraint:} $\text{pda} \geq n$.

4: \textbf{e}[$\text{dim}$] – double
\textit{Input/Output}

\textit{Note:} the dimension, $\text{dim}$, of the array $e$ must be at least $\text{pde} \times n$.

The $(i,j)$th element of the matrix $E$ is stored in $e[(j-1) \times \text{pde} + i - 1]$.

\textit{On entry:} the $n$ by $n$ matrix $E$.
\textit{On exit:} the Fréchet derivative $L(A,E)$

5: \textbf{pde} – Integer
\textit{Input}

\textit{On entry:} the stride separating matrix row elements in the array $e$.
\textit{Constraint:} $\text{pde} \geq n$.

6: \textbf{fail} – NagError *
\textit{Input/Output}

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 \hspace{1em} \textbf{Error Indicators and Warnings}

\textbf{NE_ALLOC_FAIL}
Dynamic memory allocation failed.
See Section 3.2.1.2 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

\textbf{NE_BAD_PARAM}
On entry, argument \textit{value} had an illegal value.

\textbf{NE_INT}
On entry, $n = \textit{value}$.
\textit{Constraint:} $n \geq 0$.

\textbf{NE_INT_2}
On entry, $\text{pda} = \textit{value}$ and $n = \textit{value}$.
\textit{Constraint:} $\text{pda} \geq n$.

On entry, $\text{pde} = \textit{value}$ and $n = \textit{value}$.
\textit{Constraint:} $\text{pde} \geq n$.

\textbf{NE_INTERNAL_ERROR}
An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

An unexpected error has been triggered by this function. Please contact NAG.
See Section 3.6.6 in the Essential Introduction for further information.

\textbf{NE_NO_LICENCE}
Your licence key may have expired or may not have been installed correctly.
See Section 3.6.5 in the Essential Introduction for further information.
The linear equations to be solved for the Padé approximant are singular; it is likely that this function has been called incorrectly.

\[ e^A \] has been computed using an IEEE double precision Padé approximant, although the arithmetic precision is higher than IEEE double precision.

### 7 Accuracy

For a normal matrix \( A \) (for which \( A^T A = AA^T \)) the computed matrix, \( e^A \), is guaranteed to be close to the exact matrix, that is, the method is forward stable. No such guarantee can be given for non-normal matrices. See Section 10.3 of Higham (2008), Al–Mohy and Higham (2009a) and Al–Mohy and Higham (2009b) for details and further discussion.

### 8 Parallelism and Performance

\texttt{nag_matop\_real\_gen\_matrix\_frcht\_exp (f01jhc)} is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

\texttt{nag_matop\_real\_gen\_matrix\_frcht\_exp (f01jhc)} makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the X06 Chapter Introduction for information on how to control and interrogate the OpenMP environment used within this function. Please also consult the Users’ Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

### 9 Further Comments

The cost of the algorithm is \( O(n^3) \) and the real allocatable memory required is approximately \( 9n^2 \); see Al–Mohy and Higham (2009a) and Al–Mohy and Higham (2009b).

If the matrix exponential alone is required, without the Fréchet derivative, then \texttt{nag_real\_gen\_matrix\_exp (f01ecc)} should be used.

If the condition number of the matrix exponential is required then \texttt{nag_matop\_real\_gen\_matrix\_cond\_exp (f01jgc)} should be used.

As well as the excellent book Higham (2008), the classic reference for the computation of the matrix exponential is Moler and Van Loan (2003).

### 10 Example

This example finds the matrix exponential \( e^A \) and the Fréchet derivative \( L(A, E) \), where

\[
A = \begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\
3 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\
3 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\
3 & 3 & 3 & 1
\end{pmatrix}
\quad \text{and} \quad
E = \begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
4 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & 3 & 2 & 1
\end{pmatrix}.
\]

### 10.1 Program Text

```c
/* nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) Example Program. */
/* Copyright 2014 Numerical Algorithms Group. */
/* * Mark 24, 2013. */
*/
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
```
```c
#include <nagf01.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

#define A(I,J) a[J*pda + I]
#define E(I,J) e[J*pde + I]

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer exit_status = 0;
    Integer i, j, n;
    Integer pda, pde;
    /* Arrays */
    double *a = 0;
    double *e = 0;
    /* Nag Types */
    Nag_OrderType order = Nag_ColMajor;
    NagError fail;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    /* Output preamble */
    printf("nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) ");
    printf("Example Program Results\n\n");
    fflush(stdout);

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    #ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%*[\n "]);
    #else
    scanf("%*[\n "]);
    #endif

    /* Read in the problem size */
    #ifdef _WIN32
    scanf_s("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n "] , &n);
    #else
    scanf("%"NAG_IFMT"%*[\n "] , &n);
    #endif
    pda = n;
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(pda*n, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    pde = n;
    if (!(e = NAG_ALLOC(pde*n, double))) {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -2;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read in the matrix A from data file */
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            #ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%lf", &A(i, j));
            #else
            scanf("%lf", &A(i, j));
            #endif

    /* Read in the matrix E from data file */
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
            #ifdef _WIN32
            scanf_s("%*[\n "]);
            #else
            scanf("%*[\n "]);
            #endif

    /* End of example program */
    exit(exit_status);
}
```

```c
scanf_s("%lf", &E(i, j));
#else
scanf("%lf", &E(i, j));
#endif
#ifdef _WIN32
scanf_s("%*[\n ] ");
#else
scanf("%*[\n ] ");
#endif
/* Find exp(A) and L(A,E) using
*nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc)
* Frechet derivative of real matrix exponential
*/
nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp(n, a, pda, e, pde, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc)\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* Print matrix exp(A) using nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac)
* Print real general matrix (easy-to-use)
*/
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
a, pda, "exp(A)", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac)\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 2;
}
/* Print matrix L(A,E) using nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac)
* Print real general matrix (easy-to-use)
*/
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
e, pde, "L(A,E)", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR) {
    printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac)\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 3;
}
END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(e);
return exit_status;
}

10.2 Program Data

nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) Example Program Data

4 :Value of n

1.0 2.0 2.0 2.0
3.0 1.0 1.0 2.0
3.0 2.0 1.0 2.0
3.0 3.0 3.0 1.0 :End of matrix a

1.0 0.0 1.0 2.0
0.0 0.0 0.0 1.0
4.0 2.0 1.0 2.0
0.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 :End of matrix e
### 10.3 Program Results

nag_matop_real_gen_matrix_frcht_exp (f01jhc) Example Program Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>exp(A)</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>740.7038</td>
<td>610.8500</td>
<td>542.2743</td>
<td>549.1753</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>731.2510</td>
<td>603.5524</td>
<td>535.0884</td>
<td>542.2743</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>823.7630</td>
<td>679.4257</td>
<td>603.5524</td>
<td>610.8500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>998.4355</td>
<td>823.7630</td>
<td>731.2510</td>
<td>740.7038</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>L(A,E)</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>3571.5724</td>
<td>2989.2581</td>
<td>2652.3449</td>
<td>2818.7416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3202.0590</td>
<td>2684.2631</td>
<td>2381.4500</td>
<td>2542.7976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>4341.3950</td>
<td>3628.9329</td>
<td>3219.3516</td>
<td>3408.1831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4821.2945</td>
<td>4035.9700</td>
<td>3580.0124</td>
<td>3804.4690</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>