

NAG Library Routine Document

F16RBF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of ***bold italicised*** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F16RBF calculates the value of the 1-norm, the ∞ -norm, the Frobenius norm or the maximum absolute value of the elements of a real m by n band matrix, stored in banded form.

It can also be used to compute the value of the 2-norm of a row n -vector or a column m -vector.

2 Specification

```
FUNCTION F16RBF (INORM, M, N, KL, KU, AB, LDAB)
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) F16RBF
INTEGER INORM, M, N, KL, KU, LDAB
REAL (KIND=nag_wp) AB(LDAB,*)
```

3 Description

Given a real m by n banded matrix, A , F16RBF calculates one of the values given by

$$\begin{aligned}\|A\|_1 &= \max_j \sum_{i=1}^m |a_{ij}| \quad (\text{the 1-norm of } A), \\ \|A\|_\infty &= \max_i \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}| \quad (\text{the } \infty\text{-norm of } A), \\ \|A\|_F &= \left(\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad (\text{the Frobenius norm of } A), \quad \text{or} \\ \max_{i,j} |a_{ij}| &\quad (\text{the maximum absolute element value of } A).\end{aligned}$$

If m or n is 1 then additionally F16RBF can calculate the value $\|A\|_2 = \sqrt{\sum a_i^2}$ (the 2-norm of A).

4 References

Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001) *Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum Standard* University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee <http://www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum/blas-report.pdf>

5 Parameters

1: INORM – INTEGER *Input*

On entry: specifies the value to be returned. The integer codes shown below can be replaced by the equivalent named constants of the form NAG_?_NORM. These named constants are available via the nag_library module and are also used in the example program for clarity.

INORM = 171 (NAG_ONE_NORM)
The 1-norm.

INORM = 173 (NAG_TWO_NORM)
 The 2-norm of a row or column vector.

INORM = 175 (NAG_INF_NORM)
 The ∞ -norm.

INORM = 174 (NAG_FROBENIUS_NORM)
 The Frobenius (or Euclidean) norm.

INORM = 177 (NAG_MAX_NORM)
 The value $\max_{i,j} |a_{ij}|$ (not a norm).

Constraints:

INORM = 171, 173, 174, 175 or 177;
 if INORM = 173, M = 1 or N = 1.

- 2: M – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: m, the number of rows of the matrix A. If M ≤ 0 on input, F16RBF returns 0.
- 3: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: n, the number of columns of the matrix A. If N ≤ 0 on input, F16RBF returns 0.
- 4: KL – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: k_l , the number of subdiagonals within the band of A. If KL ≤ 0 on input, F16RBF returns 0.
- 5: KU – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: k_u , the number of superdiagonals within the band of A. If KU ≤ 0 on input, F16RBF returns 0.
- 6: AB(LDAB,*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array *Input*
Note: the second dimension of the array AB must be at least max(1, N).
On entry: the m by n band matrix A.
 The matrix is stored in rows 1 to $k_l + k_u + 1$, more precisely, the element A_{ij} must be stored in

$$\text{AB}(k_u + 1 + i - j, j) \quad \text{for } \max(1, j - k_u) \leq i \leq \min(m, j + k_l).$$
- 7: LDAB – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the first dimension of the array AB as declared in the (sub)program from which F16RBF is called.
Constraint: LDAB \geq KL + KU + 1.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If any constraint on an input parameter is violated, an error message is printed and program execution is terminated.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see Section 2.7 of Basic Linear Algebra Subprograms Technical (BLAST) Forum (2001)).

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

Calculates the various norms of a 6 by 4 banded matrix with two subdiagonals and one superdiagonal.

9.1 Program Text

```

Program f16rbfe

!     F16RBF Example Program Text

!     Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.

!     .. Use Statements ..
Use nag_library, Only: f01zcf, f16rbf, nag_frobenius_norm, nag_inf_norm, &
                      nag_max_norm, nag_one_norm, nag_wp
!     .. Implicit None Statement ..
Implicit None
!     .. Parameters ..
Integer, Parameter :: nin = 5, nout = 6
!     .. Local Scalars ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp) :: r_fro, r_inf, r_max, r_one
Integer :: i, ifail, j, kl, ku, lda, ldab, m, n
Character (1) :: job
!     .. Local Arrays ..
Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), ab(:,:)
!     .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
Intrinsic :: max, min
!     .. Executable Statements ..
Write (nout,*) 'F16RBF Example Program Results'

!     Skip heading in data file
Read (nin,*)

Read (nin,*) m, n, kl, ku
lda = m
ldab = kl + ku + 1
Allocate (a(lda,n),ab(ldab,n))

!     Read A from data file into rectangular storage
Do i = 1, m
    Read (nin,*)(a(i,j),j=max(1,i-kl),min(n,i+ku))
End Do

!     Convert A to packed storage
job = 'P'

ifail = 0
Call f01zcf(job,m,n,kl,ku,a,lda,ab,ldab,ifail)

Write (nout,*) 'Norms of banded matrix AB:'
Write (nout,99999) 'One norm          = ', r_one
Write (nout,99998) 'Infinity norm      = ', r_inf
Write (nout,99998) 'Frobenius norm     = ', r_fro
Write (nout,99998) 'Maximum norm       = ', r_max

99999 Format (1X,A)
99998 Format (1X,A,F9.4)
End Program f16rbfe

```

9.2 Program Data

```
F16RBF Example Program Data
 6 4 2 1                               : M, N, KL, KU
 1.0 1.0
 2.0 2.0 2.0
 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0
        4.0 4.0 4.0
        5.0 5.0
        6.0                               : AB
```

9.3 Program Results

F16RBF Example Program Results

Norms of banded matrix AB:

One norm	=	18.0000
Infinity norm	=	12.0000
Frobenius norm	=	13.5647
Maximum norm	=	6.0000
