NAG Library Routine Document F08NBF (DGEEVX)

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F08NBF (DGEEVX) computes the eigenvalues and, optionally, the left and/or right eigenvectors for an n by n real nonsymmetric matrix A.

Optionally, it also computes a balancing transformation to improve the conditioning of the eigenvalues and eigenvectors, reciprocal condition numbers for the eigenvalues, and reciprocal condition numbers for the right eigenvectors.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE FO8NBF (BALANC, JOBVL, JOBVR, SENSE, N, A, LDA, WR, WI, VL, LDVL, VR, LDVR, ILO, IHI, SCALE, ABNRM, RCONDE, RCONDV, WORK, LWORK, IWORK, INFO)

INTEGER N, LDA, LDVL, LDVR, ILO, IHI, LWORK, IWORK(*), INFO

REAL (KIND=nag_wp) A(LDA,*), WR(*), WI(*), VL(LDVL,*), VR(LDVR,*), SCALE(*), ABNRM, RCONDE(*), RCONDV(*), WORK(max(1,LWORK))

CHARACTER(1) BALANC, JOBVL, JOBVR, SENSE
```

The routine may be called by its LAPACK name dgeevx.

3 Description

The right eigenvector v_i of A satisfies

$$Av_j = \lambda_j v_j$$

where λ_i is the jth eigenvalue of A. The left eigenvector u_i of A satisfies

$$u_i^{\mathrm{H}} A = \lambda_i u_i^{\mathrm{H}}$$

where $u_i^{\rm H}$ denotes the conjugate transpose of u_i .

Balancing a matrix means permuting the rows and columns to make it more nearly upper triangular, and applying a diagonal similarity transformation DAD^{-1} , where D is a diagonal matrix, with the aim of making its rows and columns closer in norm and the condition numbers of its eigenvalues and eigenvectors smaller. The computed reciprocal condition numbers correspond to the balanced matrix. Permuting rows and columns will not change the condition numbers (in exact arithmetic) but diagonal scaling will. For further explanation of balancing, see Section 4.8.1.2 of Anderson *et al.* (1999).

Following the optional balancing, the matrix A is first reduced to upper Hessenberg form by means of unitary similarity transformations, and the QR algorithm is then used to further reduce the matrix to upper triangular Schur form, T, from which the eigenvalues are computed. Optionally, the eigenvectors of T are also computed and backtransformed to those of A.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

1: BALANC – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: indicates how the input matrix should be diagonally scaled and/or permuted to improve the conditioning of its eigenvalues.

BALANC = 'N'

Do not diagonally scale or permute.

BALANC = 'P'

Perform permutations to make the matrix more nearly upper triangular. Do not diagonally scale.

BALANC = 'S'

Diagonally scale the matrix, i.e., replace A by DAD^{-1} , where D is a diagonal matrix chosen to make the rows and columns of A more equal in norm. Do not permute.

BALANC = 'B'

Both diagonally scale and permute A.

Computed reciprocal condition numbers will be for the matrix after balancing and/or permuting. Permuting does not change condition numbers (in exact arithmetic), but balancing does.

Constraint: BALANC = 'N', 'P', 'S' or 'B'.

2: JOBVL – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if JOBVL = 'N', the left eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If JOBVL = 'V', the left eigenvectors of A are computed.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', JOBVL must be set to JOBVL = 'V'.

Constraint: JOBVL = 'N' or 'V'.

3: JOBVR – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: if JOBVR = 'N', the right eigenvectors of A are not computed.

If JOBVR = 'V', the right eigenvectors of A are computed.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', JOBVR must be set to JOBVR = 'V'.

Constraint: JOBVR = 'N' or 'V'.

4: SENSE – CHARACTER(1)

Input

On entry: determines which reciprocal condition numbers are computed.

SENSE = 'N'

None are computed.

SENSE = 'E'

Computed for eigenvalues only.

SENSE = 'V'

Computed for right eigenvectors only.

F08NBF.2 Mark 24

SENSE = 'B'

Computed for eigenvalues and right eigenvectors.

If SENSE = 'E' or 'B', both left and right eigenvectors must also be computed (JOBVL = 'V' and JOBVR = 'V').

Constraint: SENSE = 'N', 'E', 'V' or 'B'.

5: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix A.

Constraint: $N \ge 0$.

6: A(LDA,*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Input/Output

Note: the second dimension of the array A must be at least max(1, N).

On entry: the n by n matrix A.

On exit: A has been overwritten. If JOBVL = 'V' or JOBVR = 'V', A contains the real Schur form of the balanced version of the input matrix A.

7: LDA – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NBF (DGEEVX) is called.

Constraint: LDA $\geq \max(1, N)$.

8: WR(*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

9: WI(*) - REAL (KIND=nag wp) array

Output

Note: the dimension of the arrays WR and WI must be at least max(1, N). On exit: WR and WI contain the real and imaginary parts, respectively, of the computed

eigenvalues. Complex conjugate pairs of eigenvalues appear consecutively with the eigenvalue having the positive imaginary part first.

10: VL(LDVL,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Output

Note: the second dimension of the array VL must be at least max(1, N) if JOBVL = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if JOBVL = 'V', the left eigenvectors u_j are stored one after another in the columns of VL, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues. If the jth eigenvalue is real, then $u_j = \text{VL}(:,j)$, the jth column of VL. If the jth and (j+1)st eigenvalues form a complex conjugate pair, then $u_j = \text{VL}(:,j) + i \times \text{VL}(:,j+1)$ and $u_{j+1} = \text{VL}(:,j) - i \times \text{VL}(:,j+1)$.

If JOBVL = 'N', VL is not referenced.

11: LDVL – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VL as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NBF (DGEEVX) is called.

Constraints:

if JOBVL = 'V', $LDVL \ge max(1, N)$; otherwise $LDVL \ge 1$.

12: $VR(LDVR,*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp)$ array

Output

Note: the second dimension of the array VR must be at least max(1, N) if JOBVR = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise.

On exit: if JOBVR = 'V', the right eigenvectors v_j are stored one after another in the columns of VR, in the same order as their corresponding eigenvalues. If the jth eigenvalue is real, then

F08NBF NAG Library Manual

 $v_j = VR(:, j)$, the jth column of VR. If the jth and (j + 1)st eigenvalues form a complex conjugate pair, then $v_j = VR(:, j) + i \times VR(:, j + 1)$ and $v_{j+1} = VR(:, j) - i \times VR(:, j + 1)$.

If JOBVR = 'N', VR is not referenced.

13: LDVR – INTEGER

Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array VR as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NBF (DGEEVX) is called.

Constraints:

if
$$JOBVR = 'V'$$
, $LDVR \ge max(1, N)$; otherwise $LDVR \ge 1$.

14: ILO – INTEGER

Output

15: IHI – INTEGER

Output

On exit: ILO and IHI are integer values determined when A was balanced. The balanced A has $a_{ij} = 0$ if i > j and j = 1, 2, ..., ILO - 1 or i = IHI + 1, ..., N.

16: SCALE(*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array SCALE must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: details of the permutations and scaling factors applied when balancing A.

If p_j is the index of the row and column interchanged with row and column j, and d_j is the scaling factor applied to row and column j, then

SCALE
$$(j) = p_j$$
, for $j = 1, 2, ..., ILO - 1$;
SCALE $(j) = d_j$, for $j = ILO, ..., IHI$;
SCALE $(j) = p_j$, for $j = IHI + 1, ..., N$.

The order in which the interchanges are made is N to IHI + 1, then 1 to ILO - 1.

17: ABNRM – REAL (KIND=nag wp)

Output

On exit: the 1-norm of the balanced matrix (the maximum of the sum of absolute values of elements of any column).

18: RCONDE(*) – REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array RCONDE must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: RCONDE(j) is the reciprocal condition number of the jth eigenvalue.

19: RCONDV(*) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array

Output

Note: the dimension of the array RCONDV must be at least max(1, N).

On exit: RCONDV(j) is the reciprocal condition number of the jth right eigenvector.

20: $WORK(max(1,LWORK)) - REAL (KIND=nag_wp) array$

Workspace

On exit: if INFO = 0, WORK(1) contains the minimum value of LWORK required for optimal performance.

21: LWORK - INTEGER

Input

On entry: the dimension of the array WORK as declared in the (sub)program from which F08NBF (DGEEVX) is called.

If LWORK = -1, a workspace query is assumed; the routine only calculates the optimal size of the WORK array, returns this value as the first entry of the WORK array, and no error message related to LWORK is issued.

F08NBF.4 Mark 24

Suggested value: for optimal performance, LWORK must generally be larger than the minimum, increase LWORK by, say, $N \times nb$, where nb is the optimal **block size** for F08NEF (DGEHRD).

Constraints:

if JOBVL = 'N' and JOBVR = 'N',
 if SENSE = 'N', LWORK
$$\geq \max(1, 2 \times N)$$
; otherwise LWORK $\geq \max(1, N^2 + 6 \times N)$;
 if JOBVL = 'V' or JOBVR = 'V',
 if SENSE = 'N' or 'E', LWORK $\geq \max(1, 3 \times N)$; otherwise LWORK $\geq \max(1, N^2 + 6 \times N)$.

22: IWORK(*) – INTEGER array

Workspace

Note: the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least $max(1, 2 \times N - 1)$.

If SENSE = 'N' or 'E', IWORK is not referenced.

23: INFO - INTEGER

Output

On exit: INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

INFO < 0

If INFO = -i, argument i had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

INFO > 0

If INFO = i, the QR algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues, and no eigenvectors or condition numbers have been computed; elements 1: ILO-1 and i+1: N of WRWI contain eigenvalues which have converged.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix (A + E), where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||A||_2$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*. See Section 4.8 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

8 Further Comments

Each eigenvector is normalized to have Euclidean norm equal to unity and the element of largest absolute value real and positive.

The total number of floating point operations is proportional to n^3 .

The complex analogue of this routine is F08NPF (ZGEEVX).

9 Example

This example finds all the eigenvalues and right eigenvectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.35 & 0.45 & -0.14 & -0.17 \\ 0.09 & 0.07 & -0.54 & 0.35 \\ -0.44 & -0.33 & -0.03 & 0.17 \\ 0.25 & -0.32 & -0.13 & 0.11 \end{pmatrix},$$

F08NBF NAG Library Manual

together with estimates of the condition number and forward error bounds for each eigenvalue and eigenvector. The option to balance the matrix is used. In order to compute the condition numbers of the eigenvalues, the left eigenvectors also have to be computed, but they are not printed out in this example.

Note that the block size (NB) of 64 assumed in this example is not realistic for such a small problem, but should be suitable for large problems.

9.1 Program Text

```
Program f08nbfe
      FO8NBF Example Program Text
     Mark 24 Release. NAG Copyright 2012.
      .. Use Statements ..
     Use nag_library, Only: dgeevx, nag_wp, x02ajf
1
      .. Implicit None Statement ..
     Implicit None
      .. Parameters ..
!
     Integer, Parameter
.. Local Scalars ..
                                       :: nb = 64, nin = 5, nout = 6
!
      Complex (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: eig
     Real (Kind=nag_wp)
                                       :: abnrm, eps, tol
     Integer
                                       :: i, ihi, ilo, info, j, lda, ldvl,
                                           ldvr, lwork, n
     Logical
                                       :: pair
      .. Local Arrays ..
     Real (Kind=nag_wp), Allocatable :: a(:,:), rconde(:), rcondv(:),
                                          scale(:), vl(:,:), vr(:,:), wi(:),
                                          work(:), wr(:)
     Real (Kind=nag wp)
                                       :: dummy(1)
     Integer, Allocatable
                                       :: iwork(:)
      .. Intrinsic Procedures ..
      Intrinsic
                                        :: cmplx, max, nint
      .. Executable Statements ..
     Write (nout,*) 'FO8NBF Example Program Results'
     Skip heading in data file
!
     Read (nin,*)
     Read (nin,*) n
     lda = n
     ldvl = n
      ldvr = n
      lwork = (2+nb)*n
     Allocate (a(lda,n),rconde(n),rcondv(n),scale(n),v1(ldv1,n),vr(ldvr,n), &
       wi(n), wr(n), iwork(2*n-2))
     Use routine workspace query to get optimal workspace.
      lwork = -1
      The NAG name equivalent of dgeevx is f08nbf
      Call dgeevx('Balance','Vectors (left)','Vectors (right)', &
        'Both reciprocal condition numbers',n,a,lda,wr,wi,vl,ldvl,vr,ldvr,ilo, &
        ihi,scale,abnrm,rconde,rcondv,dummy,lwork,iwork,info)
!
     Make sure that there is enough workspace for blocksize nb.
      lwork = max((nb+2)*n,nint(dummy(1)))
      Allocate (work(lwork))
     Read the matrix A from data file
     Read (nin,*)(a(i,1:n),i=1,n)
      Solve the eigenvalue problem
     The NAG name equivalent of dgeevx is f08nbf
      Call dgeevx('Balance','Vectors (left)','Vectors (right)', &
        'Both reciprocal condition numbers',n,a,lda,wr,wi,vl,ldvl,vr,ldvr,ilo, &
        ihi,scale,abnrm,rconde,rcondv,work,lwork,iwork,info)
      If (info==0) Then
```

F08NBF.6 Mark 24

```
!
        Compute the machine precision
        eps = x02ajf()
        tol = eps*abnrm
        pair = .False.
        Print the eigenvalues and vectors, and associated condition
        number and bounds
        Write (nout.*)
        Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvalues'
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) '
                                 Eigenvalue
                                                      rcond
                                                                 error'
        Do j = 1, n
!
          Print information on jth eigenvalue
          If (wi(j) == 0.0_nag_wp) Then
            If (rconde(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
              If (tol/rconde(j) < 10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then
                Write (nout, 99999) j, wr(j), rconde(j), '-'
              Else
                Write (nout,99998) j, wr(j), rconde(j), tol/rconde(j)
              End If
            Else
              Write (nout, 99998) j, wr(j), rconde(j), 'Inf'
            End If
          Else
            If (rconde(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
              If (tol/rconde(j)<10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then</pre>
                Write (nout, 99997) j, wr(j), wi(j), rconde(j), '-'
                Write (nout,99996) j, wr(j), wi(j), rconde(j), tol/rconde(j)
              End If
            Else
              Write (nout, 99997) j, wr(j), wi(j), rconde(j), 'Inf'
            End If
          End If
        End Do
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) 'Eigenvectors'
        Write (nout,*)
        Write (nout,*) '
                                 Eigenvector
                                                       rcond
                                                               error'
        Do j = 1, n
          Print information on jth eigenvector
!
          Write (nout,*)
          If (wi(j)==0.0E0_nag_wp) Then
            Make real eigenvectors have positive first entry
            If (vr(1,j)<0.0_nag_wp) Then
              vr(1:n,j) = -vr(1:n,j)
            End If
            If (rcondv(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
              If (tol/rcondv(j) < 10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then
                Write (nout,99999) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), '-'
                Write (nout,99998) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), tol/rcondv(j)
              End If
            Else
              Write (nout, 99998) j, vr(1,j), rcondv(j), 'Inf'
            End If
            Write (nout, 99995) vr(2:n,j)
          Else
            If (pair) Then
              eig = cmplx(vr(1,j-1),-vr(1,j),kind=nag_wp)
            Else
              eig = cmplx(vr(1,j),vr(1,j+1),kind=nag_wp)
```

```
If (rcondv(j)>0.0_nag_wp) Then
                If (tol/rcondv(j)<10.0_nag_wp*eps) Then</pre>
                  Write (nout, 99997) j, eig, rcondv(j), '-'
                  Write (nout,99996) j, eig, rcondv(j), tol/rcondv(j)
                End If
             Else
                Write (nout,99997) j, eig, rcondv(j), 'Inf'
             End If
             If (pair) Then
                Write (nout, 99994) (vr(i,j-1), -vr(i,j), i=2,n)
               Write (nout, 99994)(vr(i,j), vr(i,j+1), i=2,n)
             End If
             pair = .Not. pair
           End If
         End Do
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout,*) 'Errors below 10*machine precision are not displayed'
      Else
         Write (nout,*)
         Write (nout, 99993) 'Failure in DGEEVX. INFO = ', info
99999 Format (1X,I2,2X,1P,E11.4,14X,OP,F7.4,4X,A)
99998 Format (1X,I2,2X,1P,E11.4,11X,0P,F7.4,1X,1P,E8.1)
99997 Format (1X,I2,1X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')',1X,0P,F7.4,4X,A)
99996 Format (1X,I2,1X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')',1X,0P,F7.4,1X,1P,E8.1)
99995 Format (1X,4X,1P,E11.4)
99994 Format (1X,3X,'(',1P,E11.4,',',E11.4,')')
99993 Format (1X,A,I4)
    End Program f08nbfe
```

9.2 Program Data

```
FO8NBF Example Program Data
4 :Value of N

0.35     0.45     -0.14     -0.17

0.09     0.07     -0.54     0.35

-0.44     -0.33     -0.03     0.17

0.25     -0.32     -0.13     0.11 :End of matrix A
```

9.3 Program Results

FO8NBF Example Program Results

Eigenvalues

```
Eigenvalue rcond error
1 7.9948E-01 0.9936 -
2 (-9.9412E-02, 4.0079E-01) 0.7027 -
3 (-9.9412E-02,-4.0079E-01) 0.7027 -
4 -1.0066E-01 0.5710 -
```

Eigenvectors

```
Eigenvector rcond error

1 6.5509E-01 0.6252 -
5.2363E-01 -5.3622E-01
9.5607E-02

2 (-1.9330E-01, 2.5463E-01) 0.3996 -
(2.5186E-01,-5.2240E-01)
(9.7182E-02,-3.0838E-01)
(6.7595E-01, 0.0000E+00)

3 (-1.9330E-01,-2.5463E-01) 0.3996 -
```

F08NBF.8 Mark 24

```
( 2.5186E-01, 5.2240E-01)
( 9.7182E-02, 3.0838E-01)
( 6.7595E-01,-0.0000E+00)
4 1.2533E-01 0.3125 -
3.3202E-01
5.9384E-01
7.2209E-01
```

Errors below 10*machine precision are not displayed

Mark 24 F08NBF.9 (last)