NAG Library Function Document nag dtrsen (f08qgc)

1 Purpose

nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) reorders the Schur factorization of a real general matrix so that a selected cluster of eigenvalues appears in the leading elements or blocks on the diagonal of the Schur form. The function also optionally computes the reciprocal condition numbers of the cluster of eigenvalues and/or the invariant subspace.

2 Specification

3 Description

nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) reorders the Schur factorization of a real general matrix $A = QTQ^{T}$, so that a selected cluster of eigenvalues appears in the leading diagonal elements or blocks of the Schur form.

The reordered Schur form \tilde{T} is computed by an orthogonal similarity transformation: $\tilde{T} = Z^TTZ$. Optionally the updated matrix \tilde{Q} of Schur vectors is computed as $\tilde{Q} = QZ$, giving $A = \tilde{Q}\tilde{T}\tilde{Q}^T$.

Let $\tilde{T} = \begin{pmatrix} T_{11} & T_{12} \\ 0 & T_{22} \end{pmatrix}$, where the selected eigenvalues are precisely the eigenvalues of the leading m by m sub-matrix T_{11} . Let \tilde{Q} be correspondingly partitioned as $\begin{pmatrix} Q_1 & Q_2 \end{pmatrix}$ where Q_1 consists of the first m

columns of Q. Then $AQ_1 = Q_1T_{11}$, and so the m columns of Q_1 form an orthonormal basis for the invariant subspace corresponding to the selected cluster of eigenvalues.

Optionally the function also computes estimates of the reciprocal condition numbers of the average of the cluster of eigenvalues and of the invariant subspace.

4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag OrderType

Input

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: order = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

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2: **job** – Nag_JobType

On entry: indicates whether condition numbers are required for the cluster of eigenvalues and/or the invariant subspace.

job = Nag_DoNothing

No condition numbers are required.

job = Nag_EigVals

Only the condition number for the cluster of eigenvalues is computed.

job = Nag_Subspace

Only the condition number for the invariant subspace is computed.

job = Nag_DoBoth

Condition numbers for both the cluster of eigenvalues and the invariant subspace are computed.

Constraint: job = Nag_DoNothing, Nag_EigVals, Nag_Subspace or Nag_DoBoth.

3: **compq** – Nag ComputeQType

Input

Input

On entry: indicates whether the matrix Q of Schur vectors is to be updated.

compq = Nag_UpdateSchur

The matrix Q of Schur vectors is updated.

compq = Nag_NotQ

No Schur vectors are updated.

Constraint: **compq** = Nag_UpdateSchur or Nag_NotQ.

4: **select**[dim] – const Nag Boolean

Input

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array select must be at least $max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On entry: the eigenvalues in the selected cluster. To select a real eigenvalue λ_j , $\mathbf{select}[j-1]$ must be set Nag_TRUE. To select a complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues λ_j and λ_{j+1} (corresponding to a 2 by 2 diagonal block), $\mathbf{select}[j-1]$ and/or $\mathbf{select}[j]$ must be set to Nag_TRUE. A complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues \mathbf{must} be either both included in the cluster or both excluded. See also Section 9.

5: **n** – Integer Input

On entry: n, the order of the matrix T.

Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.

6: $\mathbf{t}[dim]$ – double Input/Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array t must be at least max $(1, \mathbf{pdt} \times \mathbf{n})$.

The (i, j)th element of the matrix T is stored in

```
\mathbf{t}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdt} + i - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_ColMajor};
\mathbf{t}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdt} + j - 1] when \mathbf{order} = \text{Nag\_RowMajor}.
```

On entry: the n by n upper quasi-triangular matrix T in canonical Schur form, as returned by nag dhseqr (f08pec). See also Section 9.

On exit: \mathbf{t} is overwritten by the updated matrix T.

7: **pdt** – Integer Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **t**.

Constraint: $\mathbf{pdt} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

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8: $\mathbf{q}[dim]$ – double Input/Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the array q must be at least

```
\max(1, \mathbf{pdq} \times \mathbf{n}) when \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag\_UpdateSchur}; 1 when \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag\_NotQ}.
```

The (i, j)th element of the matrix Q is stored in

$$\mathbf{q}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{pdq} + i - 1]$$
 when $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_ColMajor};$
 $\mathbf{q}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{pdq} + j - 1]$ when $\mathbf{order} = \text{Nag_RowMajor}.$

On entry: if $compq = Nag_UpdateSchur$, q must contain the n by n orthogonal matrix Q of Schur vectors, as returned by nag_dhseqr (f08pec).

On exit: if $compq = Nag_UpdateSchur$, q contains the updated matrix of Schur vectors; the first m columns of Q form an orthonormal basis for the specified invariant subspace.

If **compq** = Nag_NotQ, **q** is not referenced.

9: **pdq** – Integer Input

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array \mathbf{q} .

Constraints:

```
if compq = Nag\_UpdateSchur, pdq \ge max(1, n); if compq = Nag\_NotQ, pdq \ge 1.
```

10: $\mathbf{wr}[dim]$ - double

11: $\mathbf{wi}[dim]$ - double

Output

Note: the dimension, dim, of the arrays wr and wi must be at least max $(1, \mathbf{n})$.

On exit: the real and imaginary parts, respectively, of the reordered eigenvalues of \tilde{T} . The eigenvalues are stored in the same order as on the diagonal of \tilde{T} ; see Section 9 for details. Note that if a complex eigenvalue is sufficiently ill-conditioned, then its value may differ significantly from its value before reordering.

12: **m** – Integer * Output

On exit: m, the dimension of the specified invariant subspace. The value of m is obtained by counting 1 for each selected real eigenvalue and 2 for each selected complex conjugate pair of eigenvalues (see select); $0 \le m \le n$.

13: s – double *

On exit: if $\mathbf{job} = \text{Nag_EigVals}$ or Nag_DoBoth, \mathbf{s} is a lower bound on the reciprocal condition number of the average of the selected cluster of eigenvalues. If $\mathbf{m} = 0$ or \mathbf{n} , $\mathbf{s} = 1$; if $\mathbf{fail.code} = \text{NE REORDER}$ (see Section 6), \mathbf{s} is set to zero.

If $job = Nag_DoNothing or Nag_Subspace$, s is not referenced.

14: sep – double * Output

On exit: if $\mathbf{job} = \text{Nag_Subspace}$ or Nag_DoBoth , \mathbf{sep} is the estimated reciprocal condition number of the specified invariant subspace. If $\mathbf{m} = 0$ or \mathbf{n} , $\mathbf{sep} = ||T||$; if $\mathbf{fail.code} = \text{NE_REORDER}$ (see Section 6), \mathbf{sep} is set to zero.

If **job** = Nag_DoNothing or Nag_EigVals, **sep** is not referenced.

15: fail – NagError * Input/Output

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

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6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE ALLOC FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE BAD PARAM

On entry, argument (value) had an illegal value.

NE ENUM INT 2

```
On entry, \mathbf{compq} = \langle value \rangle, \mathbf{pdq} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle. Constraint: if \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag\_UpdateSchur}, \mathbf{pdq} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n}); if \mathbf{compq} = \text{Nag\_NotQ}, \mathbf{pdq} \geq 1.
```

NE INT

```
On entry, \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{n} \geq 0.
On entry, \mathbf{pdq} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdq} > 0.
On entry, \mathbf{pdt} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdt} > 0.
```

NE_INT_2

```
On entry, \mathbf{pdt} = \langle value \rangle and \mathbf{n} = \langle value \rangle.
Constraint: \mathbf{pdt} \geq \max(1, \mathbf{n}).
```

NE INTERNAL ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE REORDER

The reordering of T failed because a selected eigenvalue was too close to an eigenvalue which was not selected; this error exit can only occur if at least one of the eigenvalues involved was complex. The problem is too ill-conditioned: consider modifying the selection of eigenvalues so that eigenvalues which are very close together are either all included in the cluster or all excluded. On exit, T may have been partially reordered, but \mathbf{wr} , \mathbf{wi} and Q (if requested) are updated consistently with T; \mathbf{s} and \mathbf{sep} (if requested) are both set to zero.

7 Accuracy

The computed matrix \tilde{T} is similar to a matrix (T+E), where

$$||E||_2 = O(\epsilon)||T||_2,$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*.

s cannot underestimate the true reciprocal condition number by more than a factor of $\sqrt{\min(m,n-m)}$. sep may differ from the true value by $\sqrt{m(n-m)}$. The angle between the computed invariant subspace and the true subspace is $\frac{O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2}{sep}$.

Note that if a 2 by 2 diagonal block is involved in the reordering, its off-diagonal elements are in general changed; the diagonal elements and the eigenvalues of the block are unchanged unless the block is sufficiently ill-conditioned, in which case they may be noticeably altered. It is possible for a 2 by 2 block to break into two 1 by 1 blocks, i.e., for a pair of complex eigenvalues to become purely real. The values of real eigenvalues however are never changed by the reordering.

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8 Parallelism and Performance

nag dtrsen (f08qgc) is not threaded by NAG in any implementation.

nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The input matrix T must be in canonical Schur form, as is the output matrix \tilde{T} . This has the following structure.

If all the computed eigenvalues are real, \tilde{T} is upper triangular, and the diagonal elements of \tilde{T} are the eigenvalues; $\mathbf{wr}[i-1] = \tilde{t}_{ii}$, for i = 1, 2, ..., n and $\mathbf{wi}[i-1] = 0.0$.

If some of the computed eigenvalues form complex conjugate pairs, then \tilde{T} has 2 by 2 diagonal blocks. Each diagonal block has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} \tilde{t}_{ii} & \tilde{t}_{i,i+1} \\ \tilde{t}_{i+1,i} & \tilde{t}_{i+1,i+1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

where $\beta\gamma < 0$. The corresponding eigenvalues are $\alpha \pm \sqrt{\beta\gamma}$; $\mathbf{wr}[i-1] = \mathbf{wr}[i] = \alpha$; $\mathbf{wi}[i-1] = +\sqrt{|\beta\gamma|}$; $\mathbf{wi}[i] = -\mathbf{wi}[i-1]$.

The complex analogue of this function is nag ztrsen (f08quc).

10 Example

This example reorders the Schur factorization of the matrix $A = QTQ^T$ such that the two real eigenvalues appear as the leading elements on the diagonal of the reordered matrix \tilde{T} , where

$$T = \begin{pmatrix} 0.7995 & -0.1144 & 0.0060 & 0.0336 \\ 0.0000 & -0.0994 & 0.2478 & 0.3474 \\ 0.0000 & -0.6483 & -0.0994 & 0.2026 \\ 0.0000 & 0.0000 & 0.0000 & -0.1007 \end{pmatrix}$$

and

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 0.6551 & 0.1037 & 0.3450 & 0.6641 \\ 0.5236 & -0.5807 & -0.6141 & -0.1068 \\ -0.5362 & -0.3073 & -0.2935 & 0.7293 \\ 0.0956 & 0.7467 & -0.6463 & 0.1249 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The example program for nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) illustrates the computation of error bounds for the eigenvalues.

The original matrix A is given in Section 10 in nag dorghr (f08nfc).

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) Example Program.
    *
    * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
    *
    * Mark 7, 2001.
    */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx02.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
int main(void)
  /* Scalars */
                i, j, m, n, pda, pdc, pdq, pdt, select_len, w_len;
 Integer
 Integer
                exit_status = 0;
 double
                alpha, beta, norm, s, sep;
 NagError
                fail;
 Nag_OrderType order;
 /* Arrays */
                *a = 0, *c = 0, *q = 0, *t = 0, *wi = 0, *wr = 0;
 double
                nag_enum_arg[40];
 char
                *select = 0;
 Nag_Boolean
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define T(I, J) t[(J-1)*pdt + I - 1]
#define Q(I, J) q[(J-1)*pdq + I - 1]
 order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
\#define T(I, J) t[(I-1)*pdt + J - 1]
\#define Q(I, J) q[(I-1)*pdq + J - 1]
 order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif
 INIT_FAIL(fail);
 printf("nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) Example Program Results\n\n");
 /* Skip heading in data file */
 scanf("%*[^\n] ");
scanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
 pda = n;
 pdc = n;
 pdq = n;
 pdt = n;
#else
 pda = n;
 pdc = n;
 pdq = n;
 pdt = n;
#endif
 w_len = n;
 select_len = n;
  /* Allocate memory */
  if (!(a = NAG\_ALLOC(n * n, double)))
      !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) ||
      !(q = NAG\_ALLOC(n * n, double)) | |
      !(wi = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)) ||
      !(wr = NAG_ALLOC(w_len, double)) ||
      !(select = NAG_ALLOC(select_len, Nag_Boolean)) ||
      !(t = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)))
      printf("Allocation failure\n");
      exit_status = -1;
      goto END;
  /* Read T and Q from data file */
 for (i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
      for (j = 1; j \le n; ++j)
        scanf("%lf", &T(i, j));
 scanf("%*[^\n] ");
 for (i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
```

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```
for (j = 1; j \le n; ++j)
      scanf("%lf", &Q(i, j));
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    scanf("%39s", nag_enum_arg);
    /* nag_enum_name_to_value (x04nac).
     * Converts NAG enum member name to value
     */
    select[i] = (Nag_Boolean) nag_enum_name_to_value(nag_enum_arg);
scanf("%*[^\n] ");
/* nag_dgemm (f16yac): Compute Q*T*QT and store in matrix A */
alpha = 1.0;
beta = 0.0;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, n, alpha, q, pdq,
          t, pdt, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
    printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
          fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
   goto END;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_Trans, n, n, n, alpha, c, pdc, q,
          pdq, beta, a, pda, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
    printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
/* nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac): Print Matrix A. */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_real_mat_print(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
                       a, pda, "Matrix A", 0, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
   printf("Error from nag_gen_real_mat_print (x04cac).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
printf("\n");
/* Reorder the Schur factorization T */
/* nag_dtrsen (f08qgc).
 * Reorder Schur factorization of real matrix, form
 * orthonormal basis of right invariant subspace for
 * selected eigenvalues, with estimates of sensitivities
*/
nag_dtrsen(order, Nag_DoBoth, Nag_UpdateSchur, select, n, t, pdt,
           q, pdq, wr, wi, &m, &s, &sep, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
  {
   printf("Error from nag_dtrsen (f08qgc).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
/* nag_dgemm (f16yac): Compute A = O*T*O^T - Ot*Tt*Ot^T */
alpha = 1.0;
beta = 0.0;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, n, alpha, q, pdq,
          t, pdt, beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
```

```
printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
           fail.message);
     exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
alpha = -1.0;
beta = 1.0;
nag_dgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_Trans, n, n, n, alpha, c, pdc, q,
           pdq, beta, a, pda, &fail);
 if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
   {
    printf("Error from nag_dgemm (f16yac).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
     exit_status = 1;
     goto END;
 /* nag_dge_norm (f16rac): Find norm of matrix A and print warning if */
 /* it is too large */
nag_dge_norm(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, a, pda, &norm, &fail);
 if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
    printf("Error from nag_dge_norm (f16rac).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
     exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
 if (norm>pow(x02ajc(),0.8)) {
  printf("%s\n%s\n","Norm of Q*T*Q^H - (Qt*Tt*Qt^H) is much greater than 0.",
          "Schur factorization has failed.");
   /* Print condition number estimates */
   printf(" Condition number estimate of the selected cluster of"
         " eigenvalues = %11.2e\n", 1.0/s);
   printf("\n Condition number estimate of the specified invariant"
          " subspace = %11.2e\n", 1.0/sep);
}
END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(c);
NAG_FREE(q);
NAG_FREE(t);
NAG_FREE(wi);
NAG_FREE(wr);
NAG_FREE(select);
return exit_status;
```

10.2 Program Data

```
nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) Example Program Data
                                         :Value of n
 0.7995
         -0.1144
                  0.0060 0.0336
                 0.2478 0.3474
-0.0994 0.2026
 0.0000
         -0.0994
 0.0000 -0.6483
        0.0000
                 0.0000 -0.1007
                                         :End of matrix T
 0.0000
         0.1037
                 0.3450 0.6641
 0.6551
 0.5236
         -0.5807
                 -0.6141
                          -0.1068
                 -0.2935
 -0.5362
         -0.3073
                           0.7293
 0.0956 0.7467 -0.6463 0.1249
                                        :End of matrix Q
 Nag_TRUE Nag_FALSE Nag_FALSE Nag_TRUE :End of select
```

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10.3 Program Results

```
nag_dtrsen (f08qgc) Example Program Results
```

```
Matrix A

1 2 3 4

1 0.3500 0.4500 -0.1400 -0.1700
2 0.0900 0.0700 -0.5399 0.3500
3 -0.4400 -0.3300 -0.0300 0.1700
4 0.2500 -0.3200 -0.1300 0.1100
```

Condition number estimate of the selected cluster of eigenvalues = 1.75e+00

Condition number estimate of the specified invariant subspace = 3.22e+00

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