

NAG Library Function Document

nag_zgees (f08pnc)

1 Purpose

nag_zgees (f08pnc) computes the eigenvalues, the Schur form T , and, optionally, the matrix of Schur vectors Z for an n by n complex nonsymmetric matrix A .

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
void nag_zgees (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_JobType jobvs,
                Nag_SortEigValsType sort,
                Nag_Boolean (*select)(Complex w),
                Integer n, Complex a[], Integer pda, Integer *sdim, Complex w[],
                Complex vs[], Integer pdvs, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

The Schur factorization of A is given by

$$A = ZTZ^H,$$

where Z , the matrix of Schur vectors, is unitary and T is the Schur form. A complex matrix is in Schur form if it is upper triangular.

Optionally, nag_zgees (f08pnc) also orders the eigenvalues on the diagonal of the Schur form so that selected eigenvalues are at the top left. The leading columns of Z form an orthonormal basis for the invariant subspace corresponding to the selected eigenvalues.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D (1999) *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Arguments

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** argument specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order** = Nag_RowMajor. See Section 3.2.1.3 in the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this argument.

Constraint: **order** = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.

2: **jobvs** – Nag_JobType *Input*

On entry: if **jobvs** = Nag_DoNothing, Schur vectors are not computed.

If **jobvs** = Nag_Schur, Schur vectors are computed.

Constraint: **jobvs** = Nag_DoNothing or Nag_Schur.

3: **sort** – Nag_SortEigValsType *Input*

On entry: specifies whether or not to order the eigenvalues on the diagonal of the Schur form.

sort = Nag_NoSortEigVals

Eigenvalues are not ordered.

sort = Nag_SortEigVals

Eigenvalues are ordered (see **select**).

Constraint: **sort** = Nag_NoSortEigVals or Nag_SortEigVals.

4: **select** – function, supplied by the user *External Function*

If **sort** = Nag_SortEigVals, **select** is used to select eigenvalues to sort to the top left of the Schur form.

If **sort** = Nag_NoSortEigVals, **select** is not referenced and nag_zgees (f08pnc) may be specified as NULLFN.

An eigenvalue $w[j - 1]$ is selected if **select**($w[j - 1]$) is Nag_TRUE.

The specification of **select** is:

```
Nag_Boolean select (Complex w)
```

1: **w** – Complex

Input

On entry: the real and imaginary parts of the eigenvalue.

5: **n** – Integer *Input*

On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

6: **a**[*dim*] – Complex *Input/Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **a** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pda} \times n)$.

The (i, j) th element of the matrix A is stored in

$\mathbf{a}[(j - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + i - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
 $\mathbf{a}[(i - 1) \times \mathbf{pda} + j - 1]$ when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On entry: the n by n matrix A .

On exit: **a** is overwritten by its Schur form T .

7: **pda** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) in the array **a**.

Constraint: **pda** $\geq \max(1, n)$.

8: **sdim** – Integer * *Output*

On exit: if **sort** = Nag_NoSortEigVals, **sdim** = 0.

If **sort** = Nag_SortEigVals, **sdim** = number of eigenvalues for which **select** is Nag_TRUE.

9: **w**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **w** must be at least $\max(1, n)$.

On exit: contains the computed eigenvalues, in the same order that they appear on the diagonal of the output Schur form T .

10: **vs**[*dim*] – Complex *Output*

Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **vs** must be at least

$\max(1, \mathbf{pdvs} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **jobvs** = Nag_Schur;
1 otherwise.

The *i*th element of the *j*th vector is stored in

vs[(*j* – 1) × **pdvs** + *i* – 1] when **order** = Nag_ColMajor;
vs[(*i* – 1) × **pdvs** + *j* – 1] when **order** = Nag_RowMajor.

On exit: if **jobvs** = Nag_Schur, **vs** contains the unitary matrix *Z* of Schur vectors.

If **jobvs** = Nag_DoNothing, **vs** is not referenced.

11: **pdvs** – Integer *Input*

On entry: the stride used in the array **vs**.

Constraints:

if **jobvs** = Nag_Schur, **pdvs** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
otherwise **pdvs** ≥ 1.

12: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*

The NAG error argument (see Section 3.6 in the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_CONVERGENCE

The QR algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues.

NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, **jobvs** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$, **pdvs** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ and **n** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: if **jobvs** = Nag_Schur, **pdvs** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$;
otherwise **pdvs** ≥ 1.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: **n** ≥ 0.

On entry, **pda** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: **pda** > 0.

On entry, **pdvs** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: **pdvs** > 0.

NE_INT_2

On entry, **pda** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$ and **n** = $\langle\text{value}\rangle$.

Constraint: **pda** ≥ $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please contact NAG for assistance.

NE_SCHUR_REORDER

The eigenvalues could not be reordered because some eigenvalues were too close to separate (the problem is very ill-conditioned).

NE_SCHUR_REORDER_SELECT

After reordering, roundoff changed values of some complex eigenvalues so that leading eigenvalues in the Schur form no longer satisfy **select** = Nag_TRUE. This could also be caused by underflow due to scaling.

7 Accuracy

The computed Schur factorization satisfies

$$A + E = ZTZ^H,$$

where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the **machine precision**. See Section 4.8 of Anderson *et al.* (1999) for further details.

8 Parallelism and Performance

`nag_zgees` (f08pnc) is threaded by NAG for parallel execution in multithreaded implementations of the NAG Library.

`nag_zgees` (f08pnc) makes calls to BLAS and/or LAPACK routines, which may be threaded within the vendor library used by this implementation. Consult the documentation for the vendor library for further information.

Please consult the Users' Note for your implementation for any additional implementation-specific information.

9 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to n^3 .

The real analogue of this function is `nag_dgees` (f08pac).

10 Example

This example finds the Schur factorization of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3.97 - 5.04i & -4.11 + 3.70i & -0.34 + 1.01i & 1.29 - 0.86i \\ 0.34 - 1.50i & 1.52 - 0.43i & 1.88 - 5.38i & 3.36 + 0.65i \\ 3.31 - 3.85i & 2.50 + 3.45i & 0.88 - 1.08i & 0.64 - 1.48i \\ -1.10 + 0.82i & 1.81 - 1.59i & 3.25 + 1.33i & 1.57 - 3.44i \end{pmatrix}.$$

10.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_zgees (f08pnc) Example Program.
*
* Copyright 2013 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 24, 2013.
*/
```

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <naga02.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagf16.h>
#include <nagx02.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Complex      alpha, beta;
    double       anorm, eps, norm;
    Integer      i, j, n, pda, pdc, pdd, pdvs, sdim;
    Integer      exit_status = 0;

    /* Arrays */
    Complex      *a = 0, *c = 0, *d = 0, *vs = 0, *w = 0;

    /* Nag Types */
    NagError      fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;

#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define A(I, J) a[(J-1)*pda + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define A(I, J) a[(I-1)*pda + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif

    INIT_FAIL(fail);

    printf("nag_zgees (f08pnc) Example Program Results\n\n");

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    scanf("%*[^\n]");
    scanf("%ld%*[^\n]", &n);
    if (n < 0)
    {
        printf("Invalid n\n");
        exit_status = 1;
        return exit_status;
    }

    pda = n;
    pdc = n;
    pdd = n;
    pdvs = n;
    /* Allocate memory */
    if (!(a = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(c = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(d = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(vs = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, Complex)) ||
        !(w = NAG_ALLOC(n, Complex)))
    {
        printf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }

    /* Read in the matrix A */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            scanf("( %lf , %lf )", &A(i, j).re, &A(i, j).im);
    scanf("%*[^\n]");

    /* Copy A to D: nag_zge_copy (f16tfc),

```

```

    * Complex valued general matrix copy.
    */
nag_zge_copy(order, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, a, pda, d, pdd, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zge_copy (f16tfc).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}
/* nag_zge_norm (f16uac): Find norm of matrix A for use later
 * in relative error test.
*/
nag_zge_norm(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, a, pda, &anorm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zge_norm (f16uac).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc): Print matrix A. */
fflush(stdout);
nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n,
                               n, a, pda, Nag_BracketForm, "%7.4f",
                               "Matrix A", Nag_IntegerLabels, 0,
                               Nag_IntegerLabels, 0, 80, 0, 0, &fail);
printf("\n");
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_gen_complx_mat_print_comp (x04dbc).\\n%s\\n",
           fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Find the Schur factorization of A using nag_zgees (f08pnc). */
nag_zgees(order, Nag_Schur, Nag_NoSortEigVals, NULLFN, n, a, pda, &sdim, w,
           vs, pdvs, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgees (f08pnc).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Reconstruct A from Schur Factorization Z*T*ConjTrans(Z) where T is upper
 * triangular and stored in A. This can be done using the following steps:
 * i. C = Z*T (nag_zgemm, f16zac),
 * ii. D = D-C*ConjTrans(Z) (nag_zgemm, f16zac).
 */
alpha = nag_complex(1.0,0.0);
beta = nag_complex(0.0,0.0);
nag_zgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_NoTrans, n, n, n, alpha, vs, pdvs, a, pda,
           beta, c, pdc, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgemm (f16zac).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* nag_zgemm (f16zac):
 * Compute D = A - C*Z^H.
 */
alpha = nag_complex(-1.0,0.0);
beta = nag_complex(1.0,0.0);
nag_zgemm(order, Nag_NoTrans, Nag_ConjTrans, n, n, n, alpha, c, pdc, vs,
           pdvs, beta, d, pdd, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zgemm (f16zac).\\n%s\\n", fail.message);
}

```

```

    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* nag_zge_norm (f16uac): Find norm of difference matrix D and print
 * warning if it is too large relative to norm of A.
 */
nag_zge_norm(order, Nag_OneNorm, n, n, d, pdd, &norm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    printf("Error from nag_zge_norm (f16uac).\n%s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Get the machine precision, using nag_machine_precision (x02ajc) */
eps = nag_machine_precision;
if (norm > pow(eps,0.8)*MAX(anorm,1.0))
{
    printf("||A-(Z*T*Z^H)||/||A|| is larger than expected.\n"
          "Schur factorization has failed.\n");
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Print details on eigenvalues */
printf("Eigenvalues\n");
for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    printf("%4ld (%.7.4f,%.7.4f)\n", i+1, w[i].re, w[i].im);

END:
NAG_FREE(a);
NAG_FREE(c);
NAG_FREE(d);
NAG_FREE(vs);
NAG_FREE(w);

return exit_status;
}

```

10.2 Program Data

nag_zgees (f08pnc) Example Program Data

```

4 : n

(-3.97, -5.04)  (-4.11,  3.70)  (-0.34,  1.01)  ( 1.29, -0.86)
( 0.34, -1.50)  ( 1.52, -0.43)  ( 1.88, -5.38)  ( 3.36,  0.65)
( 3.31, -3.85)  ( 2.50,  3.45)  ( 0.88, -1.08)  ( 0.64, -1.48)
(-1.10,  0.82)  ( 1.81, -1.59)  ( 3.25,  1.33)  ( 1.57, -3.44) : matrix A

```

10.3 Program Results

nag_zgees (f08pnc) Example Program Results

```

Matrix A
      1           2           3           4
1  (-3.9700,-5.0400)  (-4.1100, 3.7000)  (-0.3400, 1.0100)  ( 1.2900,-0.8600)
2  ( 0.3400,-1.5000)  ( 1.5200,-0.4300)  ( 1.8800,-5.3800)  ( 3.3600, 0.6500)
3  ( 3.3100,-3.8500)  ( 2.5000, 3.4500)  ( 0.8800,-1.0800)  ( 0.6400,-1.4800)
4  (-1.1000, 0.8200)  ( 1.8100,-1.5900)  ( 3.2500, 1.3300)  ( 1.5700,-3.4400)

Eigenvalues
 1  (-6.0004,-6.9998)
 2  (-5.0000, 2.0060)
 3  ( 7.9982,-0.9964)
 4  ( 3.0023,-3.9998)

```
